### OUISVILLE WEEKLY COURIER, PUBLISHED BY

W. N. HALDEMAN

The work of fusion at the North goes bravely n. As the day for the Presidential contest apaches, the contest narrows down to one beue upon maintaining inviolate the supremacy of the Union, the Constitution and the laws .ory of November, the Donelson faction seeks fuge in the tents of the enemies of the Union, and for messes of official pottage in prospective, sells its weakness and betraya its pretensions to true Americanism. Animated by one great and ntrolling desire, which is the defeat of the Naonal candidates and the division of the spoils,

the Black Republicans and the Know Nothings aternize most harmoniously, whenever there is prospect of their union bringing to them sucss. Thus have they done in Indiana on the tate ticket, where a notorious treesoiler and emont advocate heads the ticket which is ennsylvania where the Know Nothings yield ent-marching in one solid phalank now to polls under the same banner, with the same e cry, can it be possible that in the two ke intervening between the State and P. esitions and become antagonists in the allortant national contest. Forgetfulness comes ao easily. There is no waters of Lethe of ich politicians drink, other than those drugged h promises of office and perquisites Imbued th the principles that enter into the present aggle, and which are similar in every respect hose that affect the November issue, the prowho now support the fused ticket must unstionably go for Fremont. We cannot imine their being such knaves or fools as o aban on a strong cause for one that is weak, when came question and hopes are involved in

respectable Fillmore strength. The Know othings there have eit er ceased to exist or ne over boldly and bodily to the Black Repubans. In Massachusetts they nominate the me State tickets, and for Congress, we see hat they are re-nominating in company with the black Republicans the same disgraceful dozen mbers who in the last House of Representaves only impaired the good name of the old Bay Kn .w . Nothing s and Black Republicans have minated is the notorious Burlingame, than hom a more infamous and bitter reviler of the South and its institutions never spit out venomous wrath and vulgar abase from a foul mouth. Such, let the citizens of Kentucky understand, the character of the opposition at the North-Constitution to secure the success of the Na-

ates of the nigger stealers at the North. Yet ven such is the condition of the Know-Nothing mal. on Wednesday last, exultingly proposed s het of \$300 to \$200 that the Black Republican candidate would be elected Governor of Indiana on the 14th inst. We understand that the bet was promptly taken, and we are authorized by a gen tleman who is confident the nigger stealer's can didate will be defeated, to say that 'f the Journa. is atill willing to back its friends, and will repeat the bet, he has \$200 ready to put up. What says the Abolitionist of the Journal to the proposition

terday on his way to the lower part of the State where he is being dispatched by the Frankfor clique to bolster up the waning fortunes of the Donelson party, in the Green river section. It will require a great deal of labor on the part o the 'volunteer counsel, 'to effect any good -We suppose he will speak in Elizabethtow but we venture to say that he will have to deal with a different kind of a jury altogether, than

The Journal or yesterday affords another lieve a friend from one difficulty, it explicitly and clearly shows that one of the parties engag ed in interrupting Cassins M. Clay, was the Pres ident of one of the Know Nothing Councils i this city. If prominent members of the party behaved so, what might not be expected of the ragtag bobtai' and ruffians of the party!

ABOURHING THE NEGRO RACE.-Mr. Spinne New York, says in a published letter, "I am in favor of abolishing the negro race." He does not (says the New Hampshire Patriot) explain the process by which he would accomplish this object, but would probably do it by the Banks plan of "absorption."

Mr. Burbeck, who lives in this State, came very near drowning, Wednesday is orning, while fording the river on horseback, near Cincinnat at a point where the channel is very decu, an the transit from shallow weter very sudden. lost his saddle, and not being able to swim, would have perished but for the timely assistance of a couple of men who were angling in a skiff near

Clark county, one of the heroes of Cerro Gordo, has arrived home from Europe, where he has a ni'orimage to the Crimea, and it was reported at the time he left home that he proposed to show the Alliea how to take Sevastopol, but we believe

five insurgents, of Turley's command, who were recently shot in Nicaragna, by order of General Walker, was M. M. Wells, of this city. Mr. W.

went out with the first expedition, under Col Hurley's Drug Store and purchase a bottle of Farr's Ague Tonic or Substitute for Quinine It

is beyond all doubt the best remedy ever discov advise us of the continued progress of the move ment looking to a thorough fusion of the Black

ACCIDENT .- A wood pedlar named Bodeme

living on Walnut between Hancock and Clay farewell to his friends. An inquest was held streets, was severely and probably fatally injured over his body. yesterday afternoon, by falling from his wagon town Pike, opposite Hall Hunt Co's Pork Miss., on the night of Sept. 25, and at Vicksburg entries and admission fees having reached the

## The Fight in Indiana.

Kentucky Know-Nothings helping the Black Republicans, The whole nation is looking with the deepes concern to the issue of the contest in Indiana between the Dem crats and friends of the Unio on one side, and the Disunionists, Know-Nothings, Nigger Stealers. Abolitionists and Black Republicans on the other side. The Democratic party, with large accessions to their ranks from PAPER EVER SENT UNLESS THE MONEY BE the Old-line Whigs, have been battling the opposition forces, made up as they are of all the isms and factions of the day, who are seeking by every means in their power to effect a dissolution of the Union, with an energy and vigor and determination that has extorted the admiration of all true and conservative men in all sections They have taken high national and union ground, and have met the issue as became bold and brave and honest men. One would suppose that it would be the pleas

are as well as the duty of Southern men to applaud and encourage and strengthen the National men of the North in their war against faction. But what do we see? In the vain hope that they may be able to secure some party advantage to emselves, we behold Southern Know-Nothings -aye, Kentucky Know-Nothings-extending all the aid and comfort they possibly can to the Agricultural and Mechanical Association, to be Black Republicans. We see them urging their sworn brethren in Indiana to support the Black Republican candidate for Governor, giving as the reason, that the defeat of the Democracy would strengthen Fillmore in the South! They have no hope of carrying the State themselves and they are doing all they can to place it irrecoverably in the hands of the wors' toes the It is a grievous shame that men will permit their South or the Union ever had, in the delusive hope that it would strengthen Know-Nothingism their performance of a volunta rily assumed pubn the South, and enable it, by carrying one or two States for Fillmore, to send the election into

That such a game has been going on, that Know-Nothing missionaries from Kentucky have been over to Indiana for the purpose of en- speedy downfall rendered certain. deavoring privately to have the entire Know-Nothing vote concentrated on the Nigger-Stealer's ticket, we have the most ample and satis factory evidence. Indeed, we have at this moment before us public evidence of the fact. A tion to vote for Buchanan and Breekinridge friend has put in our possession a hand-bill in Hc says he is "an unchanged National Whig, which it is announced that "Gen. W. S. Pilcher and Geo. D. Prentice will address the citizens of Jeffersonville this (Thursday) evening, at the American Hall." The object of this meeting is very easily explained, Prentiec, who is an avowed Abolitionist, as we have repeatedly proved from his own columns, secures the aid of ais well-belived brother, the "Everlasting Pilcher," and hopes to be able to strengthen the nembe s of the "order" in Indiana in their deermination to overwhelm the Democratic party. he party of the Union, and to elevate in triumph he Black Republican Disunion banner.

There are thousands of honest men in the South acting with the K. N.'s who have been sue position of things. Let them see that these been destroyed on those nights. The loss to the eaders are actually and even openly co-operatng with the Black Republicans, and they will and best panters lost their entire crops. quit the party with loading and disgust.

The above was prepared for our yesterday's ssue, but was crowded out by other matter. The editorial columns of vesterday's Journal furnish us with the fallest confirmation of what we have charged. We place before our readers what Prentice says, in order that they may see, read and know for themselves:

STATE ELECTION IN INDIANA.—Our opinion is frequently asked by our American friends in Indiana as to the course they ought to take in their October election. They have better means, and are no doubt chusetts, denying that he ever threatened to "call

speeches for his Black Republican brethren, but n his editorial columns he begs tilcin to "support, with their whole hearts," Morton for Go gaged in stumping the State in behalf of Freont as well as himself, who has strongly and vehemently denounced the Know-Nothing organzation, and who boldly avows his intention to vote for Fremont, and urges all his friends and supporters to do the same thing. The traitor has masked himself. He has shown where the bitter and unscrupulous leaders of the organizaion will lead the party at the south it its members submissively yield; and it now becomes them as natriots to cast off the voke, and prove that they will not become the allies of the Nigger Stealers. Humphrey Marshall has declared he would not give the toss of a copper for choice between Buchanan and Fremont, and the posirotkers of the "Order," are prepared and willing to sell out to Black Republicanism. The honest nen of the party at the South have ye. the time and ten, and houses of assignation for y. and the means to prevent the consummation of the unholy arrangement. Let them not delay to put those means into active employment. If any of them doubted as to their duty before, they cannot hesitate now!

stelligent gentleman from Bedford, Lawrence eing made in that county to induce the Know Nothings to cast their vote unanimously for forton and the balance of the Black Republican State ticket. Our informant stated that the strongest appeals had been made to them by Kentucky Know Nothings to pursue this course, and assurances given that if Witlard could be defeated, Fillmore would be greatly strengthened Black Republican candidate for Congress in at the South. Another gentleman informed us vesterday that he leard Hon. Geo. G. Dunn make a four hours speech at Bedford on Saturday last, the burthen of which was carnest endidates of the Nigger Stealers at the election on the 14th. The fusion in Indiana we are not at all surprised at, but did we not positively know the fact to exist, we would conceive it incred. any circumstances to advise such a suicidal and

> Facts Speak Louder than Words! rought in two negroes in the custody of two per cent. for call loans men who had captured them about half-past nine o'clock the night previous, in the house of the Black county, where they were secreted. And it is such men that the Louisville Journal is begging its Know-Nothing brethren in Indiana to vote for

The evidence in favor of Hurley's Sarsaparills character. In every quarter of our country it 17 birds. The fourth match was an even bet of is regarded as a blessing, and has done more for \$250, to kill, in all the shooting, 80 birds out of the removal of disease than any one medicine 100. This was also lost, only killing 76. on record. Its potent agency in the cure of Serofula, Liver disease, Chronic ulcers, Dyspepsia, Kidney affections, or obstinate cutaneous eruptions, are already too familiar with the community to require comment.

Suicide FOR LOVE .- A young man named Coats, a carpe ster, residing in Lanesville, Harrison county, committed suicide on Wednesday night last, in a church at the intersection of the Georgetown and Greenville roads, about five Republican and Know-Nothing parties at the miles from New Albany, by cutting the jugular vein on each side of his throat with a small penknife. It was supposed that he was disappointed in a love case. He left a few verses, bidding

There was a heavy frost at Port Gibson

### Tremendous Demonstration!

39,000 Anti-Nuow Nothings in Council! The Terre Haute (Ia.) Journal ot the 1st conains a glowing account of the brilliant demon stration in that city the day previous. The Democratic Mass Meeting was attended by more than 30,000 people, notwithstanding the weather was exceedingly cold and disagreeable, and such enthusiasm was never before witnessed among the Hoosiers. The grand procession was 10 ailes long, and was composed of over 800 r. agons and 400 horsemen and thousands and thousands on foot. The principal speech of the day was delivered by Scnator Douglas, and it was a very powerful effort. Senator Bright also spoke with great effect. At night the torch-light rocession was more than a mile long and was a ost imposing affair. We wish we had room to give a full account of the appearance of the dif ferent delegations in the day procession. It would do the Union men of the South good to see how gallantly their brethren in the North are battling for the right.

The Approaching Fair.

On our fourth page this morning will be foun! the List of Premiums to be awarded at the Fourth Annual Fair of the South Western held here on the 14th inst. The premiums ar liberal and should induce lively competition, and we hope to see a brilliant and successful exhi bition. Before, however, the Association can attain its proper position, some of its directors must be learned to understand that they will not be permitted to prostitute it to political purposes partisan feelings and prejudices to interfere with lie duty. They should know, and if they do not know should, be taught, that the moment the Association permits any of its officers to exhibit their political feelings in its management, the days of its usefulness are numbered, and its

ANOTHER WHIG FOR BUCK AND BRECK .- OU Indiana exchanges contain a lengthy letter from Hon. John Ewing, of Vincennes, former'y a member of Congress, announcing his determina but finding no representative of his principles i the field, he feels bound to vote for the National

WABASH CROPS.-The crops in Knox, Sulli van, Daviess, Vigo, &c., in Indiana, and Craword, Riehland, Clay, and Jasper, in Illinois, will be about equal to last year.

On the river, corn is offered at 25c. At ter and twenty miles back, 20 cents only is asked. Drovers are buying it in the field for 15 cents. Large droves of hogs are being bought up, to be fed in those regions.

The frosts on Monday, Tucsday, and Wednesday nights of last week, destroyed all the rossly deceived by their corrupt and wicked tobacco standing in the fields in Logan county. eaders, who ought to know and understand the | Fully two-thirds of the crop of Logan must have farmers is immense. Even some of the largest

> LEXINGTON RACES .- The following is the result of the last day's race at Lexington, which by some oversight was omitted in our report: by some oversight was omitted in our report:
>
> SETH DAY. - Pures \$650 - Four mile heals.
>
> John Bi Clay's b f Ballo n, 4 yo, by imp. Yorkshire,
> sinsi Herahire, by Herand.
>
> John Cam bells chi f Latuster,
>
> Lichard Strain of Charlester,
>
> Lichard Strain of Charlester,
>
> Biller, Jan Showen, 10 optimizer,
>
> L. Herr, s ch c Martel; 4 yo by Wagner, dam by
>
> Eclipse, out of Queen Mark.
>
> Time 0:3-7 1745.

chusetts, denying that he ever threatened to "call theless, we do not hesitate to the roll of his slaves on Bunker Hill." He charged him with having uttered such a foolist

HEAVY Loss .- Mr. Richard Winstell, who arrived in Circinnati Thursday, had his pocket picked of bank bills amounting to \$775. Mr. Winsteff had paused for a few minutes at ar It will thus be seen that the editor of the being bid off, and remembers a couple of mer Journal not only goes over to Indiana to make having pushed against him at that time.

THE VOTE IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The Washing on Union makes the following estimate of the

SADIER AT NEW ORLEANS -The Dublin cor espondent of the London Times savs that a re meetable professional man, recently returned to been for many years familiar with the marked

Mayor of Chicago by the Captain of Police, i city is over one thousand; that in addition to this there are about four hundred kept mistresses. The number of houses of ill-fame is one hundred

the surrounding counties of Virginia, state that the tobacco erop was very much injured by the frosts Monday and Tuesday nights. The Charlottsville Advocate thinks that in consequence of the frosts, there will not be one-fourth of a croy in Albermarle county this year.

On Saturday, in the Suprene Court a county, Ind., we learned that strong efforts were | Boston, the jury rendered a verdict against the city for \$2,500 damages, in favor of the heirs Geo. Palmer, who died from injuries caused by

No Quinine-No Arsenic. Farr's Ague To ic, or Substitute for Quinin is a sure, safe and speedy cure for Ague in all it

D'Louis Napoleon owns a beautiful pair y horses, purchased for him in Lewis county,

IIIn consequence of the frost tobacco la dvanced at Clarksville from \$1 50 to \$2 per hur

here is an increase in the demand for money on ible that Southern men could be induced a miler call, but not on merchantile paper. Discoun rates are rather firmer, but the amonit of paperis limited. We quote 8 per cent. for prime 60 to 90 day bills, 8 I 2 per cent for prime four months, 9 per cent. fir prime six months, 10a12 The Jeffersonville train vesterday morning per cent. for second class and single names, 7

Mr. King, the great shooter at Saratoga Springs, was not very well on Monday, and failed. He het he would kill 40 double birds out of 50, springing from the trap at the same time, and ost, shooting but 36. The second match was to the bird, and to wheel and fire aft r the trap was sprung. This was won in 24 shots. The third match was to kill 21 out of 25 birds, single shots. This was lost, having 23 shots and killing

Snow.-We learn from a passenger on the ears, that there was a considerable fall of snow along the line of the Frankfort Railroad, and near the Capitol, on Wednesday morning. ITMr. Hamlin, the Governor elect of the

State of Maine, was married on the 26th o IT Three large droves of oxen forded the river from this State, at Cincinnati, on Wednesday

Jas. B. Clay, Esq., passed through Cincin nati on Wednesday, bound for Pennsylvania

where he will enter the canvass. D'The late Ohio State Fair at Cleveland ecuniarily the most successful one which has ever been held in that State-the receipts for

## SPEECH OF HON. WM. PRESTON, OF KY. A Powerful Effort

We feel sure the readers of the Courter will thank us for placing before them the following eloquent and powerful spe ch delivered by our inguished fellow eitizen, Hon. WM. PRESTON, efore the immense Democratic and anti-Know Nothing meeting in Independence Square, Phil adelphia, on the 17th of September. We copy the report of the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian. is certainly one of the ablest and most forcible arguments that the canvass has yet produced .-

The fact must be apparent to all me ple in November next, though it might no he destruction of the Republic, would in

foundation.

Our condition was signally different at this moment from the choch at which we adopted the Constitution, of which this day was the anniversary.

At that time scarce four millions of people, hardy and brave, had just emerged from the most remarkable. d a government based upon principles more d, generous and just than any other which road, generous and just than any other which ankind had ever e-poyed. (Cheers). After the over of the mother country had been shaken off, e Union was formed in a spirit of wisdom and agnanimity, which its framers fouldy thought ould establish it, not only as a guaranty of happiess to their own people, but as a bright example to e world. These general traths were at this time limited by all our countrymen, and if we should no hereafter enjoy that national glowand pressure. imitted by all our countrymen, and it we should be hereafter enjoy that national glory and prosperty which had already flowed from the adoption of Federal Constitution, it would be because we ere forgetful of the great land marks which our thers raised to guard the rights of the States rainst aggression, to insure the equality of the ederal sovereignties and to prevent the interfence of the Federal power in their internal affairs, its partial exercise for the advancement of secits partial exercise for the advancement of se-

There was a party in the country at this momen innated by this spirit, presenting issues based or e slavery question, with a bitterness of spirit un nown before in the history of the country. The South alike, as a wanton aggression upon the part of the South, and a dishonorable violation of a

the mechanic arts, and with the uncleus for a christain and civilized people. Yet, in the face of all these facts, the assaults of these Black Republican fanatics, and every misrepresentation and villification that ingenuity could suggest was resorted to for the purpose of inflaming sectional passions, and placing our Southern brethren npon a footing with an African slave trader, and representing the whole

country as a vast barracoon. At one moment the a President, and she would in all probability not find opie of the South were represented as idling in gotten luxury, and at a rother, long statistical tails were introduced to demonstrate their povetails were introduced to demonstrate their pow-rity. If the Black Republican presses were exam-ned, it would be seen that the picture was not over rawn, [laughter and appliase,] and they who re-arded the subject with more temperate minds could find it as false as the colors were glaring.— Renewed appliasse.] It might be affirme a that the resent high civilization of the Northern States ested mainly upon its commerce and its mannace-sested mainly upon its commerce and its mannace-tions. ut cause, for one who was a stranger, and who old friends to desert him and strike down that man ord mends to desert him and strike down that man who had reflected more honor on his State than any other of her present statesmen? Or, would she not, with an appreciation of the past, lift him up in her strong arms and place him in that chair which bis countrymen all admitted he was so well qualified to fill.

policy which would reduce that this was from more prejudice of race; but a moment's reflection would envince any honest white man within his hearing, who carned his bread by the sweat of his brow, that it was no mistake. In proof of this, if the South were to-morrow to manumit three millions without part they were to-morrow to manumit three millions.

great service which Pennsylvania could render to the country. Powerful in her resources, streng in her geographical position, and tolerant in the chargrown produce of the Union—the colton, sugar, rice and tohacco, and two-thirds of the mighty commerce of the Union would instantly perish.—
It was upon most of those staples, and our intercourse with other nations based upon them, that our prosperity rested. The great fleets that filled our barbors, the stately houses that adorned our streets, the evidences of affluence that surrounded him, all attested the fact that the immense productive power of the South had poured its wealth to other lands, and the North have become her mannfacturer and her merchant her geographical position, and tolerant in the character of her people, she had the power to do more than to exalt a statesman or advance a friend. It was far her in the mighty contest which was impending to rise equal to the emergency, for on her vote, p-rhaps, would depend the support or the desceration of the Constitution. (Applanse.) It was for her to play the most conspicuous part in the present crisis. If she would be firm, all would be well; if she faltered, all would be imperrilled. In was true that the northwest, under the intrepid Donglas, (Applause,) might still sustain the battle, but all eyes were turned to Pennsylvania. (Renewell applause, anderies of "Pennsylvania" all right, "Tbo old Keystone knows but one party," &c.) Nearly seventy years ago, one fachers had united on this

ferent, and if they descrited the policies of the past for the speculations of the present, the sails of many a ressel would flap in the stagmant air to attest the decline of our commerce and the langor of our industry. (Applause.) It was also urged by the Black Republican party against the South, that slave labor was brought into competition with and degraced white labor. It was in vain to address such arguments to the white laborers of the South. They did not believe it, and proud and satisfied with their condition, they recelled with indignation a their condition, they repelled with indignation a construction that the state of the deep policy which would reduce them to a level with the black. It raight be said that this was from near where it has yet been seen. Even the Journal's est in lignation not only in this city but everyown party friends here, who have upheld and stood by it heretolore in every position, have denounced it without stint, It was a little more than they could swallow. But we cannot see South were to-morrow to manumit three millions of blacks, and they were to swarm upon l'hiladel phir, New York and Boston, idle, and but half reclaimed from savage life, he asked them whether they thought that such a liberation would exait or degrade labor, and whether it would advance or lower the could ion of the white laborer. The few which now existed among us affered no serious obstacles, but let loose such a tide, and it would result in a general reduction of the white and black to one common decraded level, similar to that which the how they could have expected less from the editor's antecedents. They must have known, sooner or later, that he was bound to show the cloven loot. What is bred in the bone must show itself in the flesh. In the year 1924 Prentice edited the Weekly Review, a paper published at Hartford, Conn., and on the 27th of July of that common degraded level, similar to that which the Mestizoes of Mexico, or the Lazzaroni of the Mediwhich the following is an extract:

"The yarchise must be opposed. Every man who does not wish to see the power of the Northern and Western States depirt forever; every man who does not vish to see a dozen new slave States a idea to the Union, and to hear the cries

But the Louisville Journal is not the only exponent of Kentucky Filmoreism that has natured its sympathy for Back Republicanism in a public manner. Col. Humphrey Marshall, the great Ajax of Know Nothingism in this State, in a late speech at Lexington, declared that he would not gove the toss

There are without doubt many good and true, but

### Grand Democratic and Old-Line Whig MASS MEETING At Newcastle, Henry County, on

Wednesday, 29th Oct., 1856.

MASS MEETING, and to give an OLD-FASH-IONED BARBECUE, free for everybody, in honor All who love the Union and the Constitution are invited to come. We want to see every Democrat with their wives and children. We cordially invite everybody without distinction of party or name to uished actors in these events, (Gov. Coth) a his-ory of the circumstances which proved the callous-ess of the Black Republican party to the evils chick might flow from the majortunate condition other countles. To all Kentuckians we say, of joy! Come by hundreds and thousands! Come in wagons, carriages, buggies, on houses, on foot! Come for a joyons, happy meeting! To the ladies

> HON, LINN BOYD: HON. A. P. WILLARD, of Indiana. EX-GOV. L. W. POWELL; GOV. J. C. JONES, of Tennessee THOMAS H. HOLT,

And other distinguished orators and statesmen will

Thomas P. Foree, James Pearce, L. F. Montague, N. Edwards, James G. Leach, J. W. Bashaw, Isham Allen, C. M Mathews, Frank Gross, Henry Hernlon, B. F. Tanner, Richard Johnson, Wm. Spinks,

A splendid band of music has been engaged for the occasion, and every arrangement will be made to accommodate, interest and profit all who may

ne Lexington Statesman, from a gentleman recently returned from Mason and Bracken counties, that the gailant Democracy claim the latter county, and will yield not more than 200 majority to their opponents in the first named. Breckinridge will gain in those two counties alone 1,000 votes over that polled for Clark last ummer. This is pretty good work, at least for two of the strongest whig counties in the State. Bracken gave Morehead 539 majority, Mason gave him 627 majority.

eference to the news from Nicaragua, that a arty of forty men, under Lieut. Col. McDonald, had an engagement with the enemy, in which six men of Walker's army were killed We await with some solicitude intelligence respecting the names of these persons, as they were from this city and helonged to Capt. W. P. Jarvis' company. We are certain that under the gallant Ed. McDonald and the lofty-headed Jarvis they

opposed to the Democratic party, has taken to tump in favor of Buchanan and Breekinridge. Mr. Snith's speech in Memphis is very highly complimented by the Bulletin and Appeal.

there are subscribing liberally for the circulation of Republican documents in Pennsylvania. SALE OF FAYETTE, LAND .- The tract of land lear Lexington, known as the Leavy Farm, reently owned by John McMurtry, consisting of 240 acres, was sold at public sale on Wednesday the 1st inst., at the price of \$122 per acre-total, 29,280. D. A. Sayre, Esq., of Lexington, and C. S. Moorehead, of Frankfort, were the pur-

AFRICA!

tions of the Coronation ceremonies at Moscow.

The question of the exportation of specie is much debated in the papers.

The chief subject of interest in the Paris papers is the arrest of numerous members of the Society Marianne, on charges of an intention to assassinate the Emperor on his return from Biarritz.

Spain.—Much uneasiness exists at Madrid between the Queen and O'Donnell, who are becoming equally numerous. qually unpopular.

Holland.—The Estates of Holland commenced

rauklin.

The decrease of bullion in the bank of England had rung like the music of the spheres upon the ears of the world, and it was for Fendsylvania to preserve the instrument, nor let a string be torn from the frame, until it should resonnd with one trimmihant hymn of liberty to the after ages.

At the conclusion of the speech, Col. Preston was heartly approached, and three cheers were given for "Old Kentucky," and three more for her gifted son 'Young Breekinridge."

The decrease of bullion in the bank of England is upwards of 36,000 pounds.

LoxBox.—The Post speaks of a diplomatic rupture with Naples as Inevitable, and says the whole diplomatic corps will be recalled from the Neapolltan court. We shall send as well as the French two line of battle ships and a corresponding force of frigates. Through these alone will the alikes communicate with the King.

[BTTHE LIVERPOOL, Sept. 20.

Colton—Sales for the week have been 44,000 bairs, neduding 6,200 on apeculation and 2-0 to respect. The occurs on a re-First Orleans Tagl. madeling Orleans 6, 1-4,000 bairs, neduding 6,100 bairs, and and the continuous respect to the continuous respective respective to the continuous respective respectiv

LONDON MONLY MARKET

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 20, P M Cotton—The market closed dud and and anguaged, sales aday were between 7,000 and 3 500 bales. Bedwitts—Quet and above of sale, without change in polynomes—Also closed quist.

President Pierce's Reply. President Pierce's Reply.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 2.—President Pierce, in response to Juo A. George, during his reception pesterday, assared the friends of his youth and mannily that he appreciated their cvidence of regard. He said he had no sentiments on political topics, therefore, nothing to justify or explain. He had followed his established opinions, relying upon the integration of his countrym in for approval of his acts. Whether this expectation would be realized when The editor of 1824 is the editor of 1856, and it is not at all surprising that a man who could write thus, in 1824, should favor with his "whole heart" as far as he dare and his interest will permit, Black Kepublicanism in '856.

To show what is thought of the Journal's article elsewhere, we copy the following from from the Frankfort Ysoman of Saturday:

Indement of his countrym n for approval of his acts. Whether this expectation would be realized when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his acts. Whether this expectation would be realized when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his acts. Whether this expectation would be realized when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his acts. Whether this expectation would be realized when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his acts. Whether this expectation would be realized when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his acts. Whether this expectation would be realized when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his own State would doubt that high patriotic motives alone actnated him. It was lumentable to admitthen, when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his own State would doubt that high patriotic motives alone actnated him. It was lumentable to admitthen, when the present party strife had passed or not, he was sure that none of the chizons of his own State would doubt that high patriotic motives alone actnated him. It was lumentable to admit then, when the present party strife had passed or not, he was lumentable to admit them. The chizons of his own State would doubt that high patriotic motives alone actnated him. It was lumentable to admit them, when the chizons of his own State would doubt that high patriotic motives alone actnated him.

contentions between chierent sections, and desired to see passion and peliphice give way to calm judgment and patriotism. He conjured the citizens of New Hampshire to remember the obligations resting upon them for the future welfare of the country, and to be sare, that, if the experiment of self-government cannot succeed under this Constitution, it is hopeless under any other form.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 3.—The Charlest in papers pub shithe correspondence between Edmund Rhett r., and A. G. Magrath. Mr. Rhett claims th der the clder Adams, when to be foreign in a foreign land, was a crime, after the lapse of balf a century came forward and protected them once more from wrong and injustice—(cheers). The clder Adams had sought to write over the portals of the country the worls of the Italian et, described as heing written above the gutes of bell, "All you who enter here leave hopes behind." The savehonder Jefferson obsiterated the sheadful words audinscribed the poble legend. "The asylum of the oppressed"—team structured in the success of Black Republicants and Mr. The structured in the success of Black Republicants and in the success of Black Republicants and Mr. The structured to Charleston to prevent it; but arrived too late. In regard to Mr. Rhett's letter conveyed the first information, and did so the dry after it was made—but such, so far as we are informed is not the case with either Prentice or Marshall. The last named exponder of the K. N. faith in his New Liberty specification, as we were in ormed by gentlemen who heard him, glori d in the success of Black Republicants in Matine.

DETEOIT, Oct. 2.—Governor Seward and others addressed an assemblage of 20,000 Republicans in this city to-day. The enthusiasm ran high, and the demonstration closed with a torch-light proces-

DETROIT, Oct. 2 .- The Democrate had a torcl gbt procession which was considered larger than ne Republican demonstration. Cass and Strart

WATERTOWN, N. J., Oct. 3.—The fine weather day attracted a great concourse of visitors to the

Fire.

New York, Oct. 3, P. M.—The large warehou at the corner of Washington and Barelay stree was totally destroyed by fire last night.

olacco factory. Loss \$75,000.

Part of the walls fell, completely demolishing the distribution of the walls fell, was accompled by M German Repubifcan Meeting.

liberal sprinkle of banners, devices, &c., made ery fine display. Fremont Meeting MIL TAURIE, Oct. 3.—The Fremonters held another meeting last night which was addressed by Cassins M. Clay and others. After the meeting a thousand joiney in the torch light procession, the

ost splendid spectacle ever witnessed in this city.
[Line down east of Cineinnati.] Accident.

GLASGOW, KY, Oct. 3.—The Nashville stage, going Sonth, turned over, this morning, twelve miles from here, killing one man named Biodoce, of Rulsaville Ky

BALTIMORE, Oct. 2.—New Orleans papers of Fri-lay have been received, bringing Texas dates to the 23d ult. Advices from Northern Mexico state that Via-

lanra was prepared to resist the Covernment for sessent against him, and was determined to unfur he flag of the Sierra Madre republic. The Charlestown Mercury appear in mourning the death of Mr. Taber. It says that the d

New York, Oct. 9. To day noon the students the Theoligical Seminary called, in a body, or

of citizens. He continued his remarks two hours in a fervent strain, and was listened to with marked n a ferrent strain, and was listened to with marked titention. One of the most prominent poi ts in his peech, was the argument to prove that the Black tepablicans were clearly and solely responsible for he perpetuation of the wrongs in Kansas, by the efnsal to pass the Senate bill of Mr. Toombes—there was no attempt at disturtance in the immeliate vicinity of the speaker, though further up the treet there was a large collection of boys, shouting 2011more, and making rotons demonstrations. One

Awful Accident.

Delaware, O., Oct. 2.—An awful accident occurred at the fair grounds. The hoiler attached to rotary engine on exhibition burst with terrific exhosion, Instantly killing eleven persons. A largumber were seriously injured, three of which havince died and probably seven or eight more canno recover. The sight was harrible luthe extreme podies scalded and torn to pieces, and several so sally that they cannot, and to this hour be identified. ally that they cannot, up to this hour be identi-

warrants have been issued for Jones and String-fellow and other pro-slavery agitators.

Gov. Geary has appointed Col. Titus to form a volunteer company and preserve peace in the neighborhood of Lecompton, and Capt. Walker, for the same duty, in the neigeborhood of Law-

Latter from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP

AFRICA!

New York, Oct. 3.—The Africa arrived this morning from Liverpool with dates to the 20th alt. London dates brought by the Africa are to the 20th. London papers are still filled with descriptions of the Coronation certmonies at Moscow.

The question of the exponiation of species is much.

U.S. Agricultural Society U.S. Agricultural Seciety
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 4.—The very extensive arrangements for the exhibition of the U.S. Agricultural Society, which is to open here on Theadav next and continue until Saturday noon are nearly completed; 12,000 pens for cattle, dc., are erected; 400 horses are already entered and every thing promises to make this the largest exhibition ever held in the United States. C.I. Wilder, the President, an I the other officers of the Society are on the ground, and many distinguished agriculturation. HOLLAND.—The Estates of Holland commenced their sessions on the 16th nit Belgium.—A Free Trade Congress has commenced its deliberations at Brussels. The hostness so far has been merely of a preliminary character.

Switzerland.—Both Chambers of the Swiss Federal Assembly have pledged themselves to resist all encroacebments on the rights of the Republic.

Nason & Collins Failed.

New York, Oct. 1.—The extensive produce house of Nason & Collins has failed. They did a heavy business with the West, being the largest receivers of flour and gr in in the city. The liabilities are newards of \$200,000.

Election in Kanaas.

St. Louis, Ost. 4—Gov. Geary has issued a proclamation to the Sheriffs of the different counties in Kanaas to open polls on Monday, October 6th, for the election of a delegate to Congress and members of the Legislature.

Liabilities of Nason & Collins.

New York, Oct. 4.—The liabilities of Nason & Collins are reported to be nearly a millon. The failure is owing to produce operations in Europe. Invitation to President Pterce.

Boston, Oct. 2.—The Common Council, las evening, after a slight opposition, pussed a resolution inviting President Pierce to vasit this city. Yellow Fever. Tellow Fever.

Baltimone, Oct. 2—There were eleven deaths from fever at Charleston on Saturday and Sanday.

The Secretary of the Treasury offered to purchase half of the City Hall lot for the purpose of erecting

Channeey L. Knapp.

Boston, Oct 2.—Chauncey L. Knapp has been nominated for re-election by the American and Republican Conventions of the 3th Congressional District of this State. A union ticket for State Sena

New York, Oct. 2, P. M.—The new 6 per cent. loan for \$2,400,000 of the State of Ohio has been awarded in one lot to Messrs. If. A. Johnson & Co., at a premium of 3 per cent. More than twice the sum wanted was offered.

The Yellow Fever. The Yellow Fever.

New York, Oct. 2, P. M.—Two new cases of yellow fever are reported at Ref Hook, Brooklyn, and one at the Relief Hospital, Fort Hamilton, and one death in Brooklyn proper.

Raitrond Convention,
CLEVELAND, Oct. 2, P. M.—The R. R. Convention is full of representatives of Eastern and Western lines. A report was adopted extending the running lime about afteen per cent. The delibera-

Democratic Mass Meeting.

Columbus, O., Oct. 2, P. M.—The Democratic

State mass meeting here to-day is quite largely
attended and very enthusiastic. MILWAUKIE, Oct. 2, P. M.—The Fremont meeting bere to day was the largest meeting ever held in this city.

C. M. Clay, of Ky., and Allison, of Pa, were

Thanksgiving Day.

Sr. Louis, Oct. 2, P. M.—Gov. Price, of Mo., has set apart Thursday, the 20th prox. as 2 day of

The Kansas Ald Committee in Trumble ST. LOUIS, Oct. 2, P. M.—Messrs, Kimberly, Preston, and Clowes, Kamsas anferers, having ap-plied to the Committee, appointed some time since to raise money to aid the destitute of Kansas, and been refused relief, publish a card in the Democrat of to-day calling for information respecting the disposition of the funds collected by the Committee. These gentlemen are free State men.

fillingia State Fale ST. Louis, Oct. I.—The Illinois State Fair open-ell at Alton vesterday. Although the weather was cold and wintry, the attendance was la go. The cattle, borse, and machinery department were well filled, and presented a splendial a pearance. The steamer Winchester sunt: is morning on

ers by an imposing cavalcade.

The President rode bareheaded, constantly bowng in acknowledgment of the cheers which greeted
ilin on every side. It is estimated that the num-

A DUEL IN EMBRYO .- Mr. B. B. Botts, son of Hon. J. M. Botts, of Virglain, publishes a card in the Richmond Whig denonncing Roger H. Pryor, Era . one of the editors of the Richmond Enquire n severe terms, in reply to certain strictures which his father. The card is in terms which, In that la inde, are construed to mean fight, and concludes in who acknowledge the law of human targets. The card concln les as follows:-

My father no donbt recognizes his own responsibility to those whom he could regard as worthy of bis notice, and would hold them responsible to him for any impropriety of language or conduct; but you do not belong to that class, and moreover, be would have to indulge fifty or perhaps a hundred others who, like yourself, would feel honored by the association; but he will see that his report attent don't

antier.

Nothing but physical incapacity, occasioned by Nothing but physical incapacity, occasioned by long continued and frequent attacks of a rheumatic character, has prevented me, as his son, from indicting npon you that personal chartisement you have so eminently deserved. Disabled from performing that duty hy disease, I have no alternative left mo—no such disparity in age or position existing between ns—than that of procliming your whole course towards my father as brutal, ruffianly, dishonorable and cowardly to the last degree, and to afford you the opportunity you have so long pretended to seek of him, by a resort to that mode which you think gentlemen only adopt.

It shall he seen whether you are playing the part of an insolent and cowardly braggart with your superiors, or whether you really desire an opportunity of vindicating insolded honor.

Court of Appeals.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. I. CAUSES DECIDED. White v Ames, Louisville, affirmed. Bless v Same, Louisville; affirmed. Rncker v Montgomey, (4 cases,) Louisville; af-Marshall v Merlwether, Louisville, affirmed.

Lupe v Louisville, Louisville; affirmed.
Adams & Co. v Urban & Co., Louisville; re-Bull v Harrigan, Marion, reversed, and each par-ty to pay their own costs. to pay their own costs.

Lawrence v Gaines, Warren; petition overruled.

Bibb v Bihh, Jessamine; petition overruled.

OSDERS. Agnew v Veith, (2 cases,) Lonisv e Rennett v Bollen, Louisville; Kresharber v Eilinger, Lonisville; Stout v Smith, Louisville—were argued.

PORTIETH DAY. CAUSES DECIDED,
CAUSES DECIDED,
Hallowell v Rucker, Louisville; affirmed.
McGrain v Vanal en, Louisville; affirmed.
Bennett v Botten, Louisville, affirmed.
Cleary v Myers, Lonisville, affirmed.
Kresharber v Ettinger, Louisville; affirmed.
Agnew v Veiten, Louisville; affirmed.
Weiby v Same, Louisville; affirmed.
Stout v Smith, Lonisville; reversed.
Mitchell v Muchelf, Montgomery; opinion modiliskand petition overruled.

Matthews v McReynolds, Louisville-were ar

dard, of Saturday, says.

A correspondent wishes to know if Morton, the Black Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, whom the Journal urges and entreats Coxcop, N. H., Oct. 2.—The President rierce.

Coxcop, N. H., Oct. 2.—The President slopped last night at Nashna, where he was visited by Gen. Peaslee and a number of other friends. He comes to this city to-day under the escort of the Manchester Veterans, and is now (noon) momentarily expected. An immense crowd has gathered at the depot, awaiting his arrival.

# WEEKLY COURIER

Notice!

A lpapers are invariably discontinued at the expirate of the time paid for. The very low price of the paper On agerouse to make the rule importance.

On agerouse solicited.—We are always glad! par from our friends, and will be thankful for occasions etters from all parts of the State and the gre t Missis pp. Va ey, costa. n.ng important news, local ross.p. &c. Pesons ordering their papers changed, are requested as the rostoffice where this rec. red as well as the

Subscribers can rem t uspostage stam t. By a nd us hem, they will have no difficulty i for the f ac 100a Darts of 2 dollar.

Important Notice. We have no traveling or other agents for the Courser, for whom we are responsible. Persons, their money to one they are not themselves wilt ing to trust

OCTOBER 1

The Journal Aiding the Black

Republicans. The Journal of yesterday reiterates its sense less tirade of abuse against Willard, the national candidate for Governor in Indiana, and again expresses its decided preference for the election of Mortor, who is not alone an out and out Freesoiler and Fremonter, but a man who is so despicably fanatical that he has publicly said he would rather see the Ohio river run crimson with the blood of brethren citizens than slavery be extended an inch further. This course 's entirely in accordance with the instincts of the Abolition editor of the Journal, whose protracted residence in the South has not effaced from him the recollection of his early teachings, nor rid him of the natural sentiments of his heart. He is now, as he has ever been, antagonistic to the interests and institutions of this section of the last August. For want of iron, it is not probable Union, and no matter how specious and careful the guise under which he seeks to conceal them, he cannot always guard against being hetrayed into an utterance of his deep-rooted convictions.

His impudence, in view of the state of public opinion, would be overwhelmingly astonishing were it not that we know how desperate are his political fortunes, and the almost hopeless shif s to which he is compelled to resort in view of the rapidly approaching extremities to which himself and partizans will be subjected. He sees before him the utter ruin and overthrow of the Fillmore party. In the success of that were embarked al his cherished hopes and plans. From it, should it ever arrive at power, he looked for honors an profits for himself and confederates in the unholy work which has disgraced Louisville and Kensucky But the dazzling cup has been dashed from their grasp before they could even quaff one draught of the exhibarating nectar. There remains but for them defeat and utter oblivion in their present postion Hence it is that they have devised this last and most shameless of all schemes to assist their wrecked fortunes. They have forgotten all allegiance to the South-all loyalty to the Union-and are bold in their commendations of the most rabid ultra Fremont ticket in the North. This is not the work of the editor of Journ

alone. He was indeed capable of this iniquit and this trickery, as he is guilty of all the political and moral sins, punishable by codes and statutes. But in this wicked scheme of rendering aid and comfort to the Black Republicans, he has the assistance, the countenance and the co-operat on of other men more schooled, if possible, in the debaucheries of politics than himself. The several recent articles in the Journal favoring Morton's election, have not been published without due thought. Their present and fature influence were regarded. They were aimed, not only at securing the defeat of Willardand through him weakening Buchanan, but of producing an ultimate effect upon Col. Frcmont, should be be chosen. It is a part of the political wireworking of Col. Humphrey Marshall, and is only an exemplification of his doctrine that he does not care the toss of a copper between the Black Republican and Democratiquestionably to make way for the elevation Col. Marshall to a cabinet appoin ment, or some other responsible station. In the North he i freely spoken of by the prominent Fremonto as one, among a few other Southerners, wh would accept office under a Black Republican administration His position at Washington last winter was very equivocal, and his billing and cooing with the North was regarded with evident distaste by the Southern members of Congress Here, now, we have his last game. It is the final venture of a desperate and reckless political gamester, who, upon this issue, stakes his Il .-Age is coming upon him, and he feels that ther is left for him nothing should he not by some bold stroke, install himself in the affections of a new party, although by doing so, he sacrifices all honor, and proves traiter to the people who have fostered his ambitious projects.

This, then, is the secret of the Journal's last remarkable political manœuvre Regarding Fillmore's chances as hopeless, the leaders of Know Nothingism here, under the lead of that weather cock, Col. Marshall, are preparing the way for a march into the Fremont camp, should t.e Black Republican presidental ticket succeed. The spoils are mighty

The Journal says that one reason why it is for Morton, the Nigg 'r-Stealer's candidate for Governor of Indiana, is because Hon. Geo. W. Julian, the Abolitionist, is against him. We suppose some of its readers will be green enough to believe even this silly and stupid falsehood On the very day last week that George D Prentice and the "Everlasting" Pilcher were speaking at Jeffersonville, in behalf of Morton Geo. W. Julian was earnestly holding forth as the Tippecanoe Battle Ground in behalf of the self same candidate; and he is every day working as hard as the editor of the Journal, for the Black Republican State ticket.

The Journal must suppose its readers to be excessively stupid if it thinks they can be made to believe that the success of the Black Republicane in Pennsylvania and Indiana, secured by the votes of the Fillmore Know-Kothings, will not strengthen that party immensely in all the Northern States. After such a fusion with such a result the K N party will almos entirely be absorbed by the Nigger Stealers. Even under the most favorable state of the case, Fillmore will not get even a respectable vote in more than one or two of all the Northern States.

Many gentlemen who have heard Willard speak at various points in Indiana have told us that they have never heard Abolitionists and Negro-Stealers denounced in such a terrible and ecathing manner, even in Kentucky, as they were to their faces by Willard, in his public addresses. He has bearded the lion in his den, and has not yet attempted to secure a vote hy a temporizing or conciliatory policy, but has fought the battle boldly and on principle alone. We are glad to hear that the citizens of Kentucky are to have an opportunity to hear Mr. Willard speak, before the Presidential election.

The Journal has for a long time been adroitty preparing the minds of its readers for its preeent movement, in behalf of Morton, the Black Republican candidate for Governor in Indians Its next move would be to declare for Fremont in preference to Buchanan, were it not discour aged from the attempt by the indignant rebukes it is now receiving from scores of its own friends for the aid it is giving Black Republicanism

KNOW NOTHING RIOTING .- There is to be an election in Baltimore on Wednesday for Mayor Ascertaining that the only means by which they can succeed is to intimidate voters by threats and outrages, the Know Nothings have already began their terrible game. It will be seen by our elegraphic despatches that they commenced four fights in that city yesterday. It will be strange after thus intimidating hundreds of voters and deterring them from going to the polls, if they do not enceed in electing their candidates. Thank heaven such means cannot be used in the free bonest and incorruptible rural districts, where undrelism is unable to secure a foothold.

IP Judge Wm. C. Perkins, a prominent Old-Line Whig, in Southwestern Georgia, has writton a letter to Mr. S. P Allison, and others, in which he pledges himself unequivocally to the support of Buchanan and Breckinridge.

17 Hon. J. H. Jewett, of Elizabethtown, has taken the stump in his district, and will make an efficient canvass. His list of appointments may

be found in another column

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders was held in this city on vesterday. The annual re ports were read, and James Guthrie, Junius B Alexander, H. D. Newcomb, Thos. Quigley James Speed, John W. Andersou and Eugen Underwood were chosen directors The following statements are taken from th

nnual reports: Upon the main stem 31 miles extending fro uisvi'le to the Rolling Fork, have Leen con trueted and are in operation, and enough iron for one additional mile is on land. Of the remaining part, 134 miles have been put under contract, and 214 miles have not been lct. The 1554 miles vet to be made will cost as follows: therefore, subscribing for it, should never give Grading, Masonry and Bridges .......\$1,900,000

The gross value of the work done for the year ending September 25, 1856, is \$191,78 Before May 1857, and during the boating sean, 300 tons of iron should be delivered at Louille, 2,500 tons at Bowling Green, and 2,000 ons at Nashville. No contract has been made for the iron, and the first mortgage honds which are looked to for this purpose have not been neotiated. The assets of the Company consisting of city and county londs amount to \$2,422,735 The interest due in 1859 upon the second million of dollars subscribed by Louisv lle must be faid by the road. If the grade of the 30 miles lying in Tennessee be not completed before December 1857, the road cannot receive the State aid o Cennessec, and if the Company expect to get State aid, the Chief lingineer says means mus e furnished to him for the 20 miles at the rate of \$20,000 per month.

The Lebanon branch was to have been finished the track will be laid during the present working season, further than Boston, which is five miles evond the junction, or thirty-three miles from

A survey has been made of the Memphi ranch extending from Bowling Green to the connessee State line. An amendment of the charter passed lost winter prohibits the Company om loaning its credit or extending aid to its ranches, and allows stock to be issued for interest ipon the bonds given for stock in the Company

A Corruption Fund in Louisville. Whenever the Journal becomes particularly rocious in denouncing any man or party f ome contemplated fraud or crime, one can wear that it or its friends are but preparing the ay to perpetrate the same game.

Yesterday it charged James Guthrie and Peter Washington with assessing a tax upon the erks in the Treasury Department, for electionering purposes, and then indignantly declares hat "no man but a villain" would be guilty of such conduct. We do not pretend to defend the ractice, but every body knows that the thing as been done by every party in power. We no v it was done by Fillmore's administration our years ago, for we saw the drafts made or very office holder in this city and State, in the ands of a gentleman who had been sent out by ie National Whig Central Committee to collect hem; and if Fillmore ever should be in the Presidential Chair again, we doubt not the very ame thing would again be done.

But suppose we try the Abolitionist edilor o he Journal by his own rule. What will the cople of Kentucky think after reading the Jourd's fierce denunciation of Guthrie and Wash ngton for such "horrible corruptions," when y learn that the self-same thing has been done Louisville, and no doubt with the full knowldge and approbation of the editor of the Jour al? What will they think of the unscrupulous ditor and this "horrible corrupt party," when hey know that every office holder under the ouisville City Government, who could be conrolled by the secret K. N. Councils, has been asessed and compelled to pay largely towards a orruption funt for election purposes? Our inmation is from an undo bted source-from a hi or Fillmore, and who thinks this all right. oderstand that the sum raised thus far is nearly 10,000. Will the Journal dare to deny this o my part of it1 If it does, we will give th ames of the Committee who made the assess aent, the names of those assessed, and th mounts paid, from Mayor Barbec's \$200 down We have them in our possession and will vouch fo heir entire correctness.

The Journal's Candidate Again The people of Kentucky ar : utterly astounded t the unceasing and persistent efforts of the editor of the Journal to induce the sworn mem ers of the "Order" in Indiana to support Mor on, the Black Republican candidate for Gover or, and thus secure the defeat of Willard, th National Union Democratic, anti-Abolitionis inti-Nigger stealing candidate. They are na urally indignant that a press in a slave State sould thus openly and boldly exert its influence o add strength and force to the Fremont current which is now well nigh irresistible, and they are not willing to pulliate or excuse the vindictive ness and bitterness which will prompt men to sacrifice the South and the Union in the vair fort to secure some pultry, or supposed advan age to a weak and sinking party.

But it is mete and proper that we should how the public who it is that the Journal has aken it upon itself to inform the K. N.'s of In liana, it is their duty to support with their 'who'e hearts." We were called upon yester by by several of the most respectable citizens of Jeffersonville, who assured us that in his speech n the Market House in that city a few wecks ince. Mr. Morton declared that he would not use us influence to execute the fugitive slave law .-He also said that he was a Democrat, and left hat party, or rather (he remarked) it left him when it became a pro-slavery party. He further added, that he was now as good a Democrat as here was in Indiana, but he could not coincide with the Democratic party in their slavery no ons. When closely questioned, he also an-

unced his intention to vote for Fremont. And such, fellow citizens of Kentucky, is th ceature the editor of the Louisville Journal i abouring with might and main to elevate to the office of Governor, over Willard, a National man who, from the very beginning of this contest, ha ought the Abolitionists, the Niggerstcalers, and c Disunion fanatics, with a patriotic energy, a ermination, and a boldness that has won fo m the gratitude of the true men everywhere ooth North and South. Is it not high time for ou to cast aside all unworthy party prejudices purn the counsels of the traitor, who, havin easted on your hounty, now seeks to hetray you nd join hands for the present with the only parower to check the flood of sectionalism which hreatens to overwhelm the land?

The Journal is still harping about the axe and carpet-bag men in the hope that the oft-re eated lie may be believed by some of its mor illy readers. If there are any such men as the ournal speaks of, they are, no doubt, intended o be used by the Know Nothings. If its state ents were true, there would be no difficulty i scovering the parties implicated, and we pledge nselves to expose and denounce the guilty, to liatever party they may belong, as carnestly as

THonest men who look with apprehension all efforts to corrupt the elective franchise wil ade concerning the immense corruption fu amounting already to nearly \$10,000-which as been raised by the Know-Nothings here, arge portion from city office holders. Of cour such large sum is needed for any of the or mary expenses of election, such as back hire rinting, &c., but is evidently intended to aid in rrying out some gigantic scheme of villainy, o which Know-Nothingism alone is c pable.

OUR INDIANA LETTER .- Our special India orrespondent furnish's us a very interesting etter from the Battle Ground this morning. will be seen that Cassius M. Clay announced in is speech that Prentice was for Fremont, where pon Hon. Gco. W. Julian got up and remarked hat "he always knew Prentice was right." The nnouncement it seems was received with much favor, the Nigger Steilers doubtless thinking they had secured a valuable ally.

THE ARMY WORK .- The Belleville Tribune says that in the Eastern and Southern portion o The channels of trade are just now very curious. For some time we have been entirely destroyed, which will not required 20,758,510. The Hon. Geo. M. Bibb, formerly of this city, rand a speech in Montgomery county, Market in the Eastern and Southern portion of a company of rangers in the Nicaragua service.

The Hon. Geo. M. Bibb, formerly of this city, rand a speech in Montgomery county, Market in the east by way of the rangers in the Nicaragua service.

The Hon. Geo. M. Bibb, formerly of this city, rand a speech in Montgomery county, Market in the east of the coun Cincinneti on Sunday and lodged in jail section.

Fusion of the K. N.'s and Black Republicans!

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE1

The election in Pennsylvania on Tuesday next or State officers is looked for throughout the ountry with the most intense interest, as it wi foreshadow to some extent the result in Novemer. In order to defeat the Democratic party there has been a thorough and complete fusion f the Know-Nothings, Black Republicans, Abitionists and Nigger-Stealers on the same ticket, nd almost superhuman exertions have been hade to throw the vote of the State against lluhanan. In order to show our readers the true osition of affairs there, we ask their attention o the following fac's. That there has been a combination between t's

Fillmoreites and Fremonters on the State ticket s so notorious that no one dares to deny it .-The following are said to be the terms of the ompact: In the first instance, it is a reed that he Fremonters and Fillmoreites shall combine elect the Know-Nothing candidate for Canal omn issioner and the other officers to be chosen y the State at large, as also the candida'es for ongress in the districts where the Fillmoreites are strongest, and rice rersa where the Black Republicans are strongest. If the result of the rote at the State election justifies the measure, is then pr posed to run a double electoral ticket against Mr. Buchanan, while, in the contrary event, the Fremonters will not run any ticket, on condition that they (the Fillmore electors) agree to cast their votes for Mr Fremont in case he gets in the other States more electoral votes than Fillmore. The Know Nothings may have the State offices, with their natronage an I emplument, provided, as a reward tor this act of liberality on the part of the Fremonters, they support the Black Republican can

didate for the Presidency. The Fillmoreites have thus sold themselves with the insome hope that if hey can defeat the Union Democratic ticket they can force the Democratic party to drop Buehanan and go for

Some of the more honest of them, however. who scorned to be sold so cheaply rebelled against this arrangement and called a public meeting in Philadelphia for the purpose of making arrangements to bring out a straight K. N. ticket .-The meeting was taken possession of by the trading Know Nothings and Black Republicans, Honorable Lewis C. Levin, an Old Native American, who attempted to speak was driven from the stand and house, and then the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we as the friends and supporter Fillmore and Andrew J. Do. eartily endorse the union State treket and will ive it our earnest and undivided support at the ming election.

Resolved, That we denounce Lewis C. Levin as a raitor to onr cause.

The Philadelphia North American, one of the ablest Black Republican journals at the North, speaks thus sanguinely as to the result of the

But we have no fears as to the result. All the dvices from the interior justify the bope that our nited ticket will be overwaelmingly triumphant in dimost every section of the State. All that is needed to insure the most complete success in the election which takes place on the 14th of October next, as the prevalence of the same rational spirit of musual concession which led the different elements of the opposition to combine in forming the union ideal. So far as we know, that spirit has not beer parted from. All the Republican and all the rican journs's in the State, are cordially in supporting the same ticket. Victory

The cal position of things, however, is very learly and plainly stated in the following resotion adopted at a Mass Meeting of the Democricy in Philadelphia:

Resolved. That we call the attention of the peood, and bequeatbed to us a priceless inherit-

It will thus he seen what powerful odds the emocracy have to contend against next Tuesday. If they succeed over it, the Presidentia election is definitely sattled. If they are defeated by a majority not exceeding 40,000 votes, one of the most prominent K. N.'s here admits they will still probably carry the State, as he estimates Fillmore's strength at 50,000 or 60,000 at the very least.

But will there be a fusion also in November ow becomes the question! Will 1 of the weaker party (Fillmore) be absorbed by the stronger Fremont)! Certainly we notice a strong dissition that way, but we are inclined to believe that it cannot be accomplished. The Gettysburg Sentiael, a Fillmore paper, says significantly and emphatically, "Mr. Buchanan and the Cineinnati platform must be overthrown. If Mr. Fillmore cannot do it. Mr. Fremont can and must! And Fillmore men should lend a hand to do it But Mr. Fillmore himself has written letters (one t) an editor in York county) protesting

trongly against a Union Electoral Ticket. The Pittsburg Gazette-one of the stronges Black Republican papers in Pennsylvania-insists upon it that there must be a nnion between the Fremonters and the Fillmoreites, on one

electoral ticket. It says: There is a greater sympathy in sentiment among the masses of the supporters of Fillmore and Fre-mont than among the friends of Fillmore and Suchanan. We say among the masses, for we have o doubt that among some of the Fillmore leader. here is a preference for Buchanan as a secon

That paper quotes the Carlisle American. Fillmore paper, as saving

That in that county there is no disagreement be-ween the Fremout and Fillmore men—that their bject is to elect a Union State Ticket, and the ulon District and County Ticket, "and to pro-

should not by adopted, for it foreshadows the to al absorption of the Fillmore party in the Black Republican party, and it implores the K. N. party to submit to this absorption. It then strikes out upon the following plan to accomplish

Let twenty-six electors be named or agreed upon n a joint convention of the Executive Committees of the two patties, to be voted for as a Union elec-oral ticket. Then let each party name a separate an for the 27th elector—one to be voted for by the ends of Fremont, and the other by the triends ore. This will show the rela two parties in the State; and let it be agree on that the vote of the electoral college right is it for Fremont and Fillmore, in proportion to the exact by each party. What valid objection ca te cast by each party. the cast by each party. What valid objection can be urged against this plan by the frieuds of either remont or Fillmore? We know that many of our code believe that we can carry the State for Fre out, without any such arrangement, and we intuit to the same opinion, because we believe the asses of the opposition to Buchanan, in the last sort, if no arrangement is made, will vote for Freout, as the best means of defeating Buchanan ut should any risk be run, which could be avoided. uld any risk be run, which could be avoided an Issue of such terrible moment? We t t. By this means we certainly take the ?

Buchanan, and ensure his defeat, and wi Assuming that there will be three elector tickets in the field in Novemler, of which there

ean be but little doubt, it will be apparent that all the votes cast for the Union State ticket will ne divided between the Fremont and Fillmor electoral tickets. The total vote of the State will be about 376,000 The Democrats and National menthink they have a clear majority, but ool calculators have made the following estima of the result:

150,000

43,000

Buchanan . . . . . . remont. Fillmore.

By this it will be seen that though the Democ racy may be defeated in the State election, with a seperate Fremont and Fillmore e ectoral ticket November Buchanan will carry Pennsylvani by 33,000 majority. And even if the Fusion ajority next week should not exceed 40 000 or 50,000 votes, we wou'd still be confident of the State going for her own favorite son. From the ocst information we can gain, Fillmore's strength in Pennsylvania is between 40,000 and 60,000 and, although now united on a common ticke against the Democracy in the hope of securing party advantage, when they find that hope is no alized they will not permit themselves to be

Lexington Railroad.

The Contest in Pennsylvania. | BALTIMORE ELECTION. The Riots at Baltimore—Know- Letter from the Battle Ground. Nothing Outrages. BLOODY RIOT.

> 20 Men Killed and Wounded. Know-Nothingiam Developing liself.

disgraceful exhibitions of this kind which have ec-curred in our midst for a long time, if ever they were equalled; and, as will naturally be supposed in these excitling political times, they all were the result of the violence of political feeling which, un-fortunately, p. ssesses n certain class of the commu-nity. Telist outbreak occurred about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. A party of four men were stand-ing on the corner of Battimore and south streets where party of some thirty or forty pressus (Fill). The telegraph advises us that the Know-Nothings elected their Mayor in Baltimore yesterday, as was to have been anticipated. They succeeded by the same means they used in ouisville last year-by deeds of blood and outrage and crime. Four men were killed and some when a party of some thirty or forty persons (Fi twenty more were wounded. But Baltimore is nore club.) came down Baltin inore cito), came down Bantinore street from to upper section of the city, and as they approach this corner one of them burrahed for, his candidate which was responded to by one of the four on the corner, a young man named Wright burrahing for another candidate, (Buchanan) when he wasstran burran of the corner with any bulgare in the for ot the State of Maryland, and as Kentucky, the onest rural districts will administer a terrible buke to the lawlessness of the Know-Nothing oundrels who infest all our large cities. one of the crowd with such violence in the f It must be horne in mind that at the last musthat he was prostrated, which was the signal for

icipal election, the Know-Nothings carried Balmore by a majority of nearly 2,800. In the ote of some of the Democratic wards vesterday, s given by the telegraph, we notice a large fallng off in the vote-suppressed no doubt as it was here on "bloody Monday.

DELAWARE ALLO, K. immense Democratic Victory - Know-Nothling ism Roused, Horse, Foot, and Dragoon.

The news from the "Blue Hen's Chicken" is glorious. Delaware has covered herself all over with glory. I now-Nothingism has been driven in disgrace from her borders. Every county in the State has gone for the Democrats, and every precinet in the State, except one, has esenewed Know-Nothingism. Three times three cheers for Delaware! Add one more State to the Union column

Indiana Election

The Democracy are confident of electing Wilard, notwithstanding he has to fight the compined forces of Know-Nothingism and Back Republicanism, in the person of Morton. The Fillmoreites claim that they have from 20,000 to 30,000 sworn men.bers in the State, who will vote for Fillmore at all hazards Conceding that Fillmore will get 10,000 votes, Morton-must carry the State by a larger majority than that number to render the State at all likely to go for

Connecticut Letter and Better. The news from Connecticut continues to come better and better. The Democrats have gained over the combination of Know Nothings and Black Republicans, and as these parlies have separate electoral tickets, the State may be set own as certain for B. chanan and Breckinridge by a rousing majority. Three cheers for the true National men of the "land of teady liabits

Florida Election. We have a private despatch this morning which gives us the first returns from Florida The despatch intimates that they indicate the election of the Know-Nothing candidate for Governor; but as in the case of the Connecticut elecion, further returns we doubt not will show altogether a different result.

CHEERING NEWS FROM THE MOUNTAINS -- We have been permitted to see a priva'e letter from a prominent citizen of the Ninth Congressional District, to a gentleman in this city, which gives a most cheering account of the progress of the good cause in that section of the State. The gain in that district will not be less than 1,500 votes. Col. Thomas B. Stevenson, the gallant Old Line Whig of Mason, has been making most telling and powerful speeches in Greenup, Lewis Carter, Lawrence, and Morgan, and everywhere he has been heard converts have openly avowed worth hundreds of votes to Ilnehanan, and it will yet count up to thousands.

III seems as if the Journal cannot avoid showing its cloven foot. In some way or other Resolved. That we call the attention of the people of the United States to the fact that, the so called organs of Millard Fillmore in Pennsylvania are openly advocating, and supporting a State ticket, composed of three avowed and settive adversaries of Mr. Fillmore; the twhile the candidate of the American party for President is supported in other States upon the broad ground of his Albany speech, here, in Pransylvania, his organs and his allocations as are landing themselves to the support election yesterday, it has the baseness to stab its own party, by manufacturing excuses for the de-My friend. Dr. Farman, will make the necessary na rties in the State

a. sing s'raw by which it can hope to secure an advantage, it is not surprising that the Journal is daily involving itself in the most wretched and mortifying inconsistencies. Yesterday it said that Judge Nicholas, the author of the articles in that paper over the signature of "Union," was "not more an Old-line Whig than an Old-line Democrat." Only a few days since it was strenuously contending that the late Convention at Baltimore, of which Judge Nicholas was a promineut member, was a pure, straight-out, undulterated Whig b dy. Out upon such rascality and hyproerisy

The hets of \$5,000 that Kentucky would give 5,000 mojority for Buck and Breck, and \$5,000 that they would be elected by the people. have not yet been taken. The Frankfort Clique have been trying to raise the money, but the brethren lack confidence and won't fork over.

on fund raised in this city, is only a small portion of an immense sum designed to be raised to carry this State for Fillmore. The par y knows it is defeated, and they think to check the flood that is pressing against them by bribery and corruption. They had better save their money Sam's doon is sealed. The people have decreed his overthrow, and all the money that can be aised cannot avert his fate.

D'At a meeting in Woodford county a few days since, a Mr. Dozier, an Old Line Whig gave his reasons for abandoning the Know Nothings and voting for Buchanan and Brecking

Masonic .- The Grand Lodge of Kentucky will hold its grand annual convocation in Lexngton on Monday next, the 13th inst. This body has heretofore always assembled on the last Monday in August, but at its last session the time of meeting was changed to the second Monday in October. A large representation of the subordinate lodges of the State is expect

Bio Figures .- It is reported that the amount of business paper maturing at the banks in New York city between the 1st and 25th insts., is forty-eight millions of dollars. This indicate the amount of business transacted in the com nercial metropolis of the Union.

The Black Republicans of Indiana ar reparing for a defeat on next Tuesday, by chargng the Democrats with the introduction of fraud lent voters.

D'Jeremiah Baldwin has instituted suit for 60,000 damages against the Planters' Bank of Tennessee. He was arrested at its instigation on the charge of swindling.

Mr. David W.llis of Holly Springs, Miss. ost \$9,000 in money at Menophis on the night of the 1st, inst. ITIf suffering from Chills and Fever us Parr's Ague Tonic or Quinine Substitute. 1

ontains neither Quinine, Arsenie or any mineral ubstance, and will be found an effectual and afe cure for that disease. 17J. D. Parris, confined in the Wincheste ail, under sentence to the Peni entiary for life

scaped on Sunday night of last week. A sleamer will sail from New Orleans for Vicaragua on the 27th of October

IP The greatest Democratic Barbacue of the eason is to be held at Lexington on the 23d Even Ned Buntline has deserted the Know-Nothing cause. He is now stumping

New York for Fremont. 8.7 There is a Presbyterian church in North mpton county, Va , composed entirely of ladies. They are twenty-live in number. There s not a male member among them.

TAll of our Louisiana and Alabama exchan

LT Jas. B. Clay, Esq. of Ashland, addresse the merchants of Philadelphia last Friday night There was an immense Democratic meeting at Poughkeepsic, New York, on the 2d inst., the

umber present being variously estimated at from Chronie Ulcers, Chronic Articular, Rheumalism 30,000 to 50,000. Among the speakers present or any form of skin disease, originating from ar vere Senator Hunter, of Va., Senator Toucev. of inpure or vitiated condition of the blood. To th connecticut, and Hon. Win. Preston, of this ged or enfeebled it is invaluable.

ity, has been appointed captain of a company

The Great Plazte - A Reverend Soundrel and Standerer-Miss Filkins' speech-the Ninger Standers Prospects del Prentice for Fremont - Democratic Prospects, &c., &c., &c. LAPAYETTE, Oct. 3, 1856. Dear Courser:-The "great time" has come and rent, and can now be numbered among the things hat were-can be looked back apon as the mos stapendous fizzle of this or any other campaign oth in regard to numbers and speakers. The hos of talent (!) which was advertised. Tailed to com up to the scratch, although 'tis said by Godlove S Orth that N. P. Banks was on the ground. If snel was the case I suppose he wisely concluded t "keep dark" and not assist in the funeral obsequie

There is one person who rejoices in the cogno men of Rev. Mr. Ind., that deserves to receiv queeinlattention for the handsome manner in which he proved himself to be a master of the Ballings at free fight," resulting in the discharge of sever, istols. So far as we could ascertain the only pe de of slang, a regular and perfect "slangwhang." This Reversud Blackguard, whose strong abition proclivities have induced him to mount the istois. So lar as we comin ascertain the only pons injured were one of the assiilants, whose name did not learn, and a man named Luke McCabe le was so severely beaten that it was necessary to the lim away, having received a stunning blow pou his head with a discharged pistol, causing a singly wonth. minful wound.

The next collision was in about half an hour hereafter, when a crowd (Know Nothings) passed lown Baltimore street, and made a general assault upon parties happening to be in Centre Market space, and on some of the louses. Windows and doors were soon closed. Subsequently another on slaught was made, and the principal point of attack seemed to be the 9th ward llotel, kept by Mr. S. Elwee. Between that house and the attacking party there was a general discharge of maskets and wittels. Some of them must have been seriously out him on the stand." "Let him go on." etc., and strong disposition to raise a row was manifested.) Now this renegade son has returned to the home e has desecrated with his sacreligious hands, and compelled his sged mother, who is tottering on the brinks of the grave, to write a letter defending his ondnet." (A voice from the crowd, "You know hat to be a lie, a falsehood blacker than your own heat to be a lie, a falsehood blacker than your own heat to law much though the would have near.")

ould no longer work or vote with them, but shoul

nem; hat when they came and saw for themselves

ing around, got enlaughed among the trees, an was compelled to back out. Was not that ominons

eature of the occasion, was certainly a pyrotecimi fleet (qualling some of the grand exhibitions got en up on Third street, infront of Walker's Sal on

ay he larger or not so large. The lloosier Stat bound to cast her vote for Buck by about 20,00

eir weil-merited reward in the snape of a perfect atterloo defeat. One of the Conductors of the excursion train ld me that the receipts of the Old-Line Conven-on was eight hundred dollars greater than those

the Black Republicans. Yours, TCHOUPITOULAS.

Louisville Conference.

appointment of Preachers of the Louisville Annual Conference of the M. E. Church South,

Louisville District.—Jas. 11. Owen, P. E.

Brook Street Chareh—'ieo, W. Smiley, Bethel Mission—Wun, Holman, Jackson Street Cohered Chareh—To be sappled Walant Street Ch. reh—Sam'l L. Adams.

Asbury Chapel—One to be surplied.
Portland and Shippingport, Thos. G. Bosley.
Middletown Circ it—Francis A. Morris.

Neale, Supernumary; Edward Stevensen, Bo gent; Elmund W. Sehon, Missionary Secretary

Bardstown and Bardstown Mission-M. N. La

Y. Lebanon and Springfield—Jereminh J. Talbot. Bradiordsville Circult—Isaac W. Emmerson. New Haven—Benj. H. Wisson.

Hardinsburg District .- NATHANIEL H. LEE, 1

Hardinsburg Circuit-Joseph D. Barnet and Jas

Owensboro—Artemas Brown.
Henderson Circnit—James Morris
Honderson Station—Wm. Randolph
Latchield—Enceh M. Crow.
Morganfiell—Hartwel F. Burge.
Madisonville—Wm. W. Cook.
Green River Mission—Gahriel Hardison.
Hartford—Wm. Nekirk, Robert G. Gardi

incipal of the flardinsburg Male and Fem

Smithland District .- ZACHARIAN N. TAVLOR.

Princeton—To be supplied.
Cadiz—John Randolph
Lafayette.—James C. Petree.
Hopkinsville Circuit—Robert W Trimble, S. Holmson, Super-numerary.
Hopkinsville District.—Jas. S. Wools, P. E.

lopkinsville and Garrettsburg-Joseph W. Max

Bowling Green Circuit—Joseph S. Scobee Greenville Circuit—Timothy C. Frogge.

North Christian Mission—Wm. W Mann. Rowling Green Station—David D. Moore, Lames E. Carnes, Principal of the Russ male High School.

Glasgow District P. Goodson. Manmoth Cave Mission—Wm, B. Edwards. Glasgow Circuit—George H. Hayes.

lloerty an sion—Aussian Davis Celumbia—Littleberry P. Crenshaw. Mnnfordville—Wm. W. Lambrith, A.A. L. Al

AN INDIAN BATTLE .- A correspondent of the

t. Lonis Republican writing from Ft. Kearny,

Greensbarg Circuit—Auron Moore. Fompkinsville—Jas. W. Taylor.

Wayne—Bryant A. Cundiff.
Liberty Mi sion—Absalom Davis
'clumbia—Littleborn Davis

Elizabethtown and Hodgenville-Schuvier

t'amphellsville-Jas H. Bristow

Bradley. Hawesville—Joseph H. Redford. Ramsey—Jas. S. McDaniel.

Calhoun-George C. Crombaugh.

Smithland Station—Wm. Alexander Dyensburg Circui —Thomas D. Lev Mariou—John J. Barset

Eddysville—Allison Arkey Empire Iron Works—Wni-t'hilders.

ton—To be supplied.

John Randolph

Russellville Station—Silas Lee

ew Row Circuit-

Burdstonen Distric' .- ALB. H. REDFORD, P.

eady to discard all former alliances.

are embodied in its platform.

pistols. Some of them must have been seriously hurt, but we were unable to ascertain names. The eeded in his blasphemons conrse I know not, ha The next point of attack was the house of D Waterman, on the corner of Low and Forrest sts. known as the "Empire House." High Coustable Herring, with a posse of his officers; Lenring the word given to proceed to this honse for the attack succeeded in reaching it by another route before neg. As the menacing party came up he warned hem against their threatened design of desiroving he building, and finally succeeded in Inducing them o depart, after a few bricks were thrown at the The greatest leature of the Convention was rethe last day, and consisted of the exhibition of Miss Filkins. This "Ghal" is a buxous
Quakeress, who has been traversing the Wabash
Valley telling the Fusionists how they must vote
and act. So dense was the crowd who were atracted around her as horril words fell from her
ull-blown lips, that I was unable to obtain a posiities from which I could been which a hostities from which I could been what a her with

The crowd from this passed down and throng French street, and nt the corner of French and Front streets a brick was thrown through the win rront streets a prick was trown timongh the wan dow of a dwelling, when a misket was fired at their from that direction. They then retreated to Hiller street bridge and made a stand, and in a few mo ments another large crowd had assembled on Picus ant street bridge, one square above. Some few shots were fired by both parties from these point without effect, when both crowds moved around to thout effect, when both crowds moved around t olliday street, between Hillen and Pleasant stree

A Day of Riots -Yesterday in this city

well be termed a day of rlots, there being kept in thronghout the whole afternoon a series of the mos disgreeful exhibitions of this kind which have ec

Holliday street, between Hillen and Pleasant streets, where a general fight took place, which lasted some fifteen or twenty minutes, during which bricks and stones were violently thrown, and a great number of sbots fired by both crowds.

Capt. Herring and a number of his officers soon reached the ground, and by a determined conressucceeded in separating the combatants, and arresting two of them. Officer Charles Davis was considerably injured at this point by being struck with a brick whilst endexoring to wake an arrest. brick, whilst endeavoring to make an arrest. Il aw a number of persons leave the battle groun ho had been injured by shots and bricks, but wa ating In this riot. On the way to the station hou rickley was severely beaten by a number of pe

ous while in charge of the officers, his head being out by bricks in some three or four places. His wounds were dressed at the station house by Dr Norris. Justice Mearis fined Miskell \$2 and costs or throwing bricks, and committed him in default \$1,000 buil to answer the charge of rio Brickley was released upon security to keep th

Taber took place at Charleston on Tuesday, and was largely attended. He appears to have been deservedly and highly esteemed and his death awakened a general teeling of regret. Pity it is that a man of his intellect and character should have fallen in defence of false and exaggerated notions of State duty and through a false and misnamed code of hunor. The Charleston pa uers are entirely silent as to the particulars of themselves. His canvass has already been the duel. A correspondence is published be tween Edinand Rheit, Jr., and A. G. Magrath, in which Mr. Khett avows himself to be the au thor of the articles signed "A Nullifier," the ori ginal cause of the difficulty. Mr. Rhett says: With a view of preventing a collision between mntnal friends, I hereby avow musself the ar thor of those articles. I trust, sir, that you will so the propriety of relieving others from the probab and painful consequences of vindicating your homo by vindicating it yourself.

This note is dated the 27th ult., on the 30th

"Your communication gave me the first intima-tion that any difficulty had grown out of the pub-lication of certain articles of which you have avow ed yourself the author.
"I took the most effectual means, circumstanced as I was, to put a stop to the proceedings of which "I had hoped that these means would have pro "I had doped that these means would have prove ceessful; that they were not, was entirely beyon y control. I came to the city the day after the ceipt of your note in Aiken; I then for the fire her learned that defibile arrangements had bee able for a duel between Mr. Taber and any brother cather for the light of the province of the formal of the control of the con

the time for their meeting having been fixed at a our declaration of being the author of the arti dictates of my own sense of day nol propriety, aided therein by the connset of friend and not regarding the suggestion of my assailar. A manly and sensible letter. A subsequent not from Mr. A. G. Magrath announces his withdrawa from the position of a candidate for Congress, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of

Hon. Mr. Aiken The health of D. Kane, the distinguished Arctic explorer, being much impaired, he proposes to take a trip to Europe with a view to its estoration, and will leave this country to-day

the 8th inst. Trandy Welsh who was advertised in the Conrier as lost by his wife, was found dead in a field near Harrods erecek on Monday. He had left home in a fit of insanity.

SAD CASUALITY.-Late vesterday evening while a party of children were playing near the Presbyterian Female College in Center street, an embankment of dirt and sand caved in, killing one of the number. The deceased was a son o Mr. Wm. Calvert, who is connected with the Journal office, and was about eight years of age. The other boys escaped uninjured.

"TROT" BETWEEN TWO HORSES AND AN IN nan .- Smith, the well known Indian runner of Tonawanda, has lately had a trial of speed at Chicago, with the trotting horses Selim and Reindeer, for \$500. The horses were to trot six miles, (two mile heats,) while the Indian was to run three miles, just half the distance. The race and purse was won by Smith, beating the horses 1:1. Time of the horses, for the six miles. 16.40. Indian, 15:39.

"THE LADIES ALL RIGHT."-A wicked wag in New York sent a communication to the Eruress a lew day's since announcing that the ladies in a certain house in Green street were unanimous or Fillmore. The Express publishes it with a arge caption, "the ladies all right." The residents in the vicinity of the described mansion vere somewhat startled at this public commenda ion of the rectitude of the ladies, of whom the entertained an entirely different opinion.

The Memphis Bulletin notices the appra nce of a new counterfeit \$50 bill on the Bank of ennessee. It was a very close immitation he genuine note of that denomination, and we culated to deceive the public. The counte feit note is about 3-10th of an inch shorter tha the genuine, and a shade narrower. The note presented was letter A, and may be dated and nade payable at any of the branches of that

Ion. Ben. Edwards Grey, who represented the econd Congressional District in the last Congress, has declared his intention to vote for Iln anan and Breckinridge-giving up Fillmore because he believes to vote for him would inu to the benefit of Fremont. Dr. Branch T. Archer, the Father of the

AND YET ANOTHER. - We see it stated that

exas Revolution, died on the 23d of September in Brazoria county. The Hickman Argus says:-

We regret to learn that the late frosts bave had a sastrons effect upon the tobacco crop in this see on. We do not know the effect of the injury sus timed throughout, but in this and the adjoining nnties not more than one-fourth of n erop will ! for the restoration and preservation of the bair, has ever been used with success equal to that of "Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative." In the production of this great remedy, Prof. Wood has materially benefitted the human family, while he has added additional lanrels to his already world-wide reputation. It never fails to restore hair to the prematurely bald, and cause the silvery locks of the hoary-beaded to resume their original color. There can he no doubt but that the cele prated medicine, known as Hurley's Sarsapa illa, is unquestionably the best remedy that ear oe used for Scrofula, Liver disease, Dyspepsia,

saded to resume their original color.

St Louis Morning Herald. For sale by all druggists in Louisville APPLES FOR EXPORT. - Owing to the fallnre We see that T. H. Andrews, late of thi

Letter from the East.

Railroads-New York and Eric Canal-Watertown-The State

Fair-the Crops. WATERTOWN, N. Y , St. 30, 1456. The present has well been denominated the age improvement-the fast age. Among the im ovemen's that attract the attention of the traler none are more prominent and striking than need of travel has not been so much increased a e comfort and safety of travelers have been pro noted; a travel exceeding 30 miles an hour is neither safe to be traveler nor profitable to the road; nt great improvements have been made in the conli ion and management of roads. In making the on from Buffalo to Albany over the New Yo k entral, one is struck with the case and comfor with which he is taken over a distance of three

This road has been long established, the travel is amense and the profits large, enabling the company to keep it in the most amouth and vel condion-this n tonly pro of s the case and com or

though he was enjoyi. g the quiet of his own pri-

ompany, in the wear and tear or cars and machinery.

I was pleased to see a determination manifested in the part of the managers of this road to reform one of the greatest abuses to which the traveler has too by given subject. I alkale to the rough and carelsa handling of bargage. Bills are now posted at the different stations cantioning the emission of the cars. osted at the different stations continuing the em loyees against this abuse, under penalty of dis-narge from the Com, any's employ. These improvements are not confined to this roa-tione. To it recurres between this point and the reat Westigney so constant and permanent that

o improvements are a lowed to be enjoyed in the aware who has traveled over the Cine The Nine Yerk and Eric Canal.—The ceremany of mingling the waters of Luke Eric, npwards of thirty years ago, with those of the Ocean, of Sandy Hook, at the celebration of the completion of this great enterprise, marked a new era in the history of our country. When boats of burden, carrying a hundred tons of merchandise were substituted for the country wagon; and the cannel packets, accommodating a hundred passeng is took he place of the stage c uch, it was thought the sat great improvements were consummated. But low we can be carried by railroad at six times the peed formerly make on the canal, yet both a count in adequate to transport the produce and merhandise required between the times. required between the Atlantic and the

mighty West.

The enlargement of the Eric Canal has long be a lesuanded by the increasing business of the contry, and but for dishonest politicians and party race it would ere this have been completed. In traveling from Rochester to Syracuse I came ty the new railroad which amay parallel with the canal The enlargement is now rapidly progressing, and by the opening of the spring of 1855 it will be completed from Albany to Rochester. To finish the western division a year or two more will be received. estern division a year or two more will be his enlargement the capacity of the canal is ased several times, and by the greater volum wer of the hoats will be greatly red richstanding the multiplicity of railroads, the ca-al, in its largest dimensions will hardly be found dequate to meet the increasing demands of trade. The sides of the enlarged coand are left about upon an angle of 15 degrees, and the sides are walled or paved with bondler stone taken from its bed.— Cassius M. Clay in his spec h stated that Prentice, of the Louisville Journal, had come out in favor of Fremont. At this moment a lusty shout was set up and Julian said he "always knew that Prentice was right!

The fire works, which was advertised as a grand feature of the occasion, was containly a proceeding. re the canal runs through the town and cit

nd capped with heavy timber
The enlarged canal does not follow entirely the ne of the cinil, but in many places it is straighter and considerably shorter. Watertown—Its Manufactures—Water-works, bc.—Watertown is a flourishing manufacturil gown, contailing 10,000 inhabitants. It is itinated 2 miles from Rome and 25 from Cape Vineent, innecting with Lake Ontario by an arm of the Liver St. Lawrence, the termination of the Water-own and Rome Railroad. The town is supplied with anlimited water power by Black river, and is employed to a very great extent for the various purposes of manufacturing. It was at this place that the first portable steam engines for farm purposes were manufactured in the United States, by Messra. Il and & Bradford. These were first exhibited at the State Fair at Rochester, in 1802. Since this period their manufacture has greatly increased. The estab shment is now carried on by Messra. Il found & Sons. The whole number of these engines manufactured by them is 723. They are ng, grinding, ginning cotton, &c., &c., and are mg, grinding, grinding, grinding, in the West and South. The Messrs. Hoard now employ in this business from 80 to 100 men, and in order to

engines, are erecting a large depot in Chicag the purpose of keeping them always on hand Water Works .- It is refreshing to one who has the reservior, np an elevation of 15 water power of the river, renderla ment the cheapest and mo fect that I have seen in any town or city, up employed in the e works is rather u v plan, and was made by Messrs. Hoard &

ler the Society's large tent was blown down as tht, and the damage so extensive that it will dly be repaired at this fair.

andly be repaired at this fair.

The Crops in New York.—Farmers have suftred less from drouth in this section of the counry than with us in the West, and the crops generty than with us in the West, and the crops generhardly comes in to ar ne, and the eron good; hnekwheat, which is not and, if filled, will yield a large crop of grain.

More Help. - The Ashland Kentuckian, here store an independent sheet, the editor of which was an Old Line Whig, has thrown aside its neutrality and come out strongly for Buck and Breck. In announcing his position, the edito

But a crisis is at hand, in National affulrs which demands the energies of every true and patriotic citizen, not alone in the behalf of party or partisan preference, but for the good of his country and his whole country, and those best capable of securing the peace and prosperity of this, our happy and beloved land. And as a calm survey of the field of capitation of country that proper he our independent that collitical contest, has proven to our judgment the fillmore (for whom as an Old Line Whig, we ex evote our best efforts to what we believe to be the ue interests of our country, and this first and rangest by advocating the claims of those distintesmen, James Bu hanan and John C eckinridge.

Five Thousand Murders Committed in California In Six Years. A San Francisco paper gives the following infor mation, derived from a pamphlet just published i

a that city:

Taking a portion of the notices of murders that
have been published since 1952, and the other evilences that we have on record previous to that
hose who have met an untimely end by murder is
ruly appalling. The District Attorney of San
Francisco, in 1952, stated in a public speech that
or the previous four vers twelve hundred mur-Francisco, in 1852, wated in a public speece and for the previous four years twelve hundred mur ders had been committed in the city of San Fran ars had been committed in the city of San Fran-sco. Any one conversant with the history of the Great Pacific Emporium" since that time, will satily agree that crime has not diminished with he increase of population. It was stated on or ear the class of teyear 1855, by the public press, not for the year just past five hundred marders Namerson, Supernumerary.
New Row-Thos. J. Mercer
R. G. Loring transferred to Mission Conference.
Prummond Welbarn transferred to Kentneky Conrummond Welbarn transferred to Kentneky Conin California within the last six years. I will

at Mr. Fillmore has no earthly chance of an elecion, and that the Democratic party is the only carry North that dares to defend the Constitutional ights of the South. Since that time, Dr. M., anther member of the American party in this county, and an intelligent and influential citizen, has had no apportunity of obtaining for himself the true cosition of parties in the Northern States, and has even driven to the irresistible conclusion that it is like considerations, is already quite formidable, and will continue to increase up to the day of the election.—Harrodsburg Transcript.

THE TOBACCO CROP -The Nashville Patrio

Having recently passed through a portion of the ine tobacco region of Kentneky, we know something from observation and enquiry of the prospect of the present tobacco crop. It is said that the rop this scasan would have fallen fully one-third that the control of the present tobacco. of an average if the tobaceo had all ma ared at the recent frosts have destroyed fully one-hal

It appears from a statement in the Union that during the month of September there were relived at the Fension Office 2,500 bounty land appears that 15,483 were examined or re-examed, and that 6,955 warrants were issued, to astist which will require 632,770 acres of land. The

The American Bible Union Seventh Anniversary Meeting.

The Sevent A y 1 A can Bible
Inlin was held V and T'iriday, Oc
erland St. Church, corner nto c minitte s was held at 9 o'clock, A. M. m at 0 c min. tte s was held at 9 o'clock, A. M., us the basement. The meeting was called to order by the President. Dr. Arminage, and opened with preser by Rev. Mr. Powell, of Michi an. Rev. Mr. Lapp offered a resolution that, during the meetings of the Anniversary, members be a discount of the discount of the member be allow a to speak more than once apon any question until all who might wish to speak many question until all who might wish to speak on the motion a lare had an onne

o so. After a learn iscussion nportainty to so. After a learn iscussion npon this motion it was ut pted—84 to 2t. The me ting to red let being made to the assection of the committee or the new of office hatti, the appoint ent of learners by the Car, on motion of Br. Ben ett. of fine nation, the appoint ent of learners of the committee of the co our handred miles in extent. If he wishes to read he morning news, or while away an hour with Harper," he can do so with as perfect case a

wheat, rest, to Kerta, J. Q. Adama, N. Y. rank Remington, Mass.

Members and D. egat v. Me. v. Rolman, Bendict, Bohins, Eddy and M. tush.

the lave stang Committee was made the urrent the lave stang Committee was made the urrent to the day for 3 o'clock,

ler at 10 1-2 0'cl. k by le P lent, and opened h singli g and pray r B Wm S. Hall. The easurer, E'eazer l'1 m y, Esq., then presented THE AMERIAN ISIF INTIV IN ACCOUNT

Span sh 200 pure 300, 73 23 48 48 German 2,177 00 J & Onekon for Gorman Chapen, by request u.d. 279 30 House and Fo eign Missing, etc., by donors' request 222 as donors request
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anse End Bulls and Discunt
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the Boar of Manarers and Officers.
General Conlingencues.
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Certificates. 3.390 32 232 47 236 10 391 99

Bb o UnionQuarterly ... 1,696 cs
from Later Members.
Directors, Aurumares, etc ... 35.172 e2
Total. ... \$30,107 5a
This report was laid on the table, awanting the
arrival of Rev. Dr. Everts, of Loniaville, who had een appointed by the Committee of neats to speak apon it.

ed for Mon hly Re-

B b e Union Quarter-

Ca.

4,903 73

3 339 70

SECOND DAY. The exercises of the Union commenced yesterday vith prayer by R.v. Dr. Randle, and the singing thymn by the congregation. The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and approved. ttee reported the following fic is for the ensuing year.

President—Rev Thos. Armitage, D. D.

President—Rev Thos. Armitage, D. D. Rev. G. W. Ettoa, D. D., Madison University. Elder Alex. Campbell, Bethany College, Virginia. Prof. E. Aikins, Upper Alton, I.I. Wm. H. Marsh, D. D. London, England. Rev. J. G. Onexen, Hamburg, Germany, and 27 Others. Corresponding Secretary-Rev W H. Wyckoff.

Corresponding Secretary—Rev W H. Wyerou.
Recording Secretary—Rev. C. A. Buckbee.
Treasurer—Eleazer Parmly
Auditor—Sylvester Pier.
Rev. Mr. Lilly moved that Mr. Eaton's name be
abstituted as President instead of Mr. Armitage. vote was taken and the motion was lost.

The President (Dr. Armitage) said that he tanked the Union for the honor they had done him, in his re-election. He had made np his mind no to preside longer over the Umon. His duties a pastor over a church, and his family and ther re-possibilities were so onerous that he could no serve the Union as he could wish. He was not arned man—he came from a poor homeste d, an hat education he had, he had obtained by hard in want concention he had, he had obtained by hard in this ry, and at long intervals. Stil, he would serv the Loi in to the hest of his abid. When a visite the attack made npon him in Dr. Maca visite the and gave a history of his election to the Presidence of the Union, after the death of Dr. Spencer R Cune—now he persistently declined it, arging Dr. Miclay's election—how Dr. Maclay was elected and resigned—and how he (Dr. Aranitage) wa unanimously elected in his place. The remarks of man mously elected in his place. The remarks the Reverend President was listened to with pi

found interest.

The Report of the Committee on German Se

alopted.

O motion of Dr. Wyckoff, an amendment to a portion of the report was adopted, as follows: In place of the worls "weekly re ignous press," to in-

Other members spoke in favor of patronizing the ress largely, as a powerful ally of their cause Rev. N. S. Gale moved that 20,000 copies of the

The report of the Committee on the Spanish Scriptnres was read by Rev. W. B. Matchett. It stated that the work of revision was progressing as rapidly as circumstances would permit.

The Union then adjourned till the afternoon session, after a prayer by Dr. Brower, of Penasylvania. vania. AFTERNOON SESSION On the reassembling of the members, an hour was med in conference, during which Dr. James Lilly

which had led him in the morning sension to pro-pose that Dr. Exton's name should be substituted in the list of officers, as President of the Union, for that of Rev. Dr. Armitage, and gave his hand to the latter gentleman as a token of perfect recon-ciliation. Rev. J. I. Fulton make an eloq ent speech, defending Rev. Dr. Judd from the slights cast more him by some members of the Union. ast upon him by some members of the Union.

cast npon him by some members of the Union. The meeting then resimed its regular hasiness by singing the 316th hymn.

The minntes of the previous meetings were afterwards read by the Secretary, Rev. C. A Buckbee, and adopted.

The following resolution was offered by Rev. J. I. Fulton, and seconded by Rev. Dr. Wyckoff Inastanch as differences of opinion may have existed, or may now exist, in the interpretation of any rule or plan adopted by the Union, therefore, Resolved, That in every case we will, as ever, rigidly adhere to the great principles on which we first started this coterprise, and we require the Board, as ever, to throw every guard around those principles, and to see to it, that the plans adopted princ ples, and to see to it, that the plans adopted by the Union are faithfully applied in carrying out. After some remarks by Rev. Dr. Lynd, Rev. J. I. Fniton and Rev. Mr. H. J., the resolution was unan-

mostly ade pted.

The report of the Committee on the English Scriptures was read by Rev Mr. Whoelock, and adopted. The report stated scholars selected from rine denominations of Christians had so far advanced in the new translations of the New Testament, as to call for the Committee on Final Revision. stated, also, that, since the translation of King losed the existence of many errors in the received breek text from which King James' version was

The Report of the Committee on Obstuaries was next read. It referred to the deaths du ing the past year of the following members of the Board: Elder Samnel S. Church, of St. Louis, a Vice President of the Union, Jos ph Burden and Sammel R. Kelly, both of the Board of Managers—most estimable men, whose loss the Bible Union had sincerely to lament. The Report was adopted, when a resolution was offered to the effect that the thanks of the meeting should be given to the Comittee of Investigat a for the admirable man

some debate it was passed with a slight amendment.

The Report of the Committee of Libraries was next in order. It at ted that the Library contained 4,000 books,—excellently select d, embracing a large number of the highest grade of literature, and some of them very rare and important. The Committee consider, however, that the number of volumes is insufficient for the requiremens of the Union and recommend that it should be insured.

per T. S. Bell, of Kentucky, chairman of the Board ion with this subject the reporters desire to returned warm thanks to those ladies for the liberal with the received, in common with the members of the Union. Their thanks are also do not a ladie of the Union. members of the Union. Their thanks are also due to Rev. C. A. Buckbee, the Secretary, for informa-tion and aid courteously rendered them. The exercises of the evening were concluded with prayer, after which the meeting adjourned same die. There was a larger attendance of members as

# Grand Democratic and Old-Line Whig MASS MEETING

At Newcastle, Henry County, on Wednesday, 29th Oct., 1856. On the 20th October, the Democrats and Old-Line Whigs of Henry county propose to hold a GRAND MASS MEETING, and to give an OLD-FASH-

IONED BARBECUE, free for everybody, in honor of JAMES BUCHANAN and JOHN C. BRECKINGINGE. All who love the Union and the Constitution are uvited to come. We want to see every Democrat and every Old-Line Whig in Henry county present with their wives and children. We cordially invite everybody without distinction of party or name to come. We hope also to see large delegations from Oldham, Trimble, Owen, Shelby and other counties. To all Keutnekians we say, Come' C me with banning and music and shouts of joy' Come by hundreds and thousands' Come la wagous, carriages, buggies, on horses, on foot Come for a joyous, happy meeting! To the ladies especially we extend a cordial and earnest invitation

ORATORS OF THE DAY. HON LINN BOYD. HON, A. P. WILLARD, of Indiana. EX-GOV. L. W. POWELL: GOV. J. C. JONES, of Tennessee; HON. WM. PRESTON. THOMAS H. HOLT:

And other distinguished orators and statesmen will

Jas. W. Branuin, George M. Jesse, M. B. Pearce, Thomas P. Foree, James Pearce, L. F. Moutague, N. Edwards, James G. Leach, J. W. Bashaw, Isham Moody, W. N. Blackburn, H. M. Buckley, Chas. H. Allen, C M Mathews, Frank Gross, Henry Herndon, B. F. Tanner, Richard Johnson, Wm Sninks, John Roberts, Committee of Arrangements and of

A splendid band of music has been engaged fo the occasion, and every arrangement will be made to accommodate, interest and profit all who may

Honorable J. H. Jewett Will address the people at the following times and

slaces
Saturday, Oct. 11, at Ferguson's, LaRne co.
Monday, Oct. 13, James Hewell's. do.
Tuesday, Oct. 14, New Market, Marion co.
Wednesday, Oct. 15, Bradfordsville, do
Thursday, Oct. 16, Perryville, Boyle co.
Friday, Oct. 17, Harrodshurg, Mercer co.
Saturday, Oct. 18, Lawrenceburg, Anderson co.
Monday, Oct. 20, Taylorsville, Spencer co.
Tuesday, Oct. 21, Waterford.

Monday, Oct. 20. Taylorsville, Spencer co.
Tuesday, Oct. 21. Waterford,
(And, at night, Mt. Washington, Bullitt co.)
Wednesday, Oct. 22. Bloomfield, Nelson co.
Thursday, Oct. 23. Ray's Mills, Washington co
Friday, Oct. 24. Frederickton,
Government of the State of t

Of this city, Assistant Democratic Elector for the State at large, at the request of the Democratic Central Committee, will address the people:

At Bizabethtown, Hardin county, Oct. 11.

At such places in Hardin county, Oct. 18.

At Big Spring, Meade county, Oct. 16th.

At Hardinaburg, Breckinridge county, Oct. 17th.

At points to be designated, in Breckinridge county, on the 18th, 20th, and 21st.

At Cloverport, Oct. 22.

At Hardensburg, Cet. 23.

At points to be designated, in Hancock county, on the 24th and 25th.

West. B. Reed. John Ruberts, Esq.

Wm D. Reed.

f Kentucky, will address the people at the time ad places indicated below:

Big Spring, Thursday, Oct. 9, Hudsonville, Friday, Oct. 10; Hardinsville, Saturday, Oct. 18; Haweaville, Monday, Oct. 13; Lewisport, Tnesday, Oct. 14; Knottaville, Wednesday, Oct. 16; Fordsville, Thuraday, Oct. 16. Hartford, Friday, Oct. 17, Calhons, Saturday, Oct. 18; ochester, Thesaay, Oct. 21; brgantown, Wednesday, Oct. 23; technede, Friday, Oct. 23; technede, Friday, Oct. 24; illerstown, Saturday, Oct. 25; d Mills, Monday, Oct. 27, offerwille, Theoday, Oct. 27,

Col Geo. B. Hodge, An Old Line Whig, will address the Exist Congressional District of Williamsburg, Whitly sarboursville, Knox

amberland Ford. Knox "
fount Pleasant, Harlan
Time of speaking 1 o'clock, P. M. Appointments of Capt. W. J. Heady and Col Ben. Selby. The Democracy have changed the appointments

Bardstown, Nelson "10. Mt. Washington, Ballitt "11. Ladies are particularly invited to attend these Speaking to commence at one o'clockeach day. Appointments of J. Y. Brown, Assistant Democratic Elector for the State at large, will address the people at the following times

Massellville, Thorsday Oct. 9.
Elikton, Friday, Oct. 10.
Hopkinsville, Saturday, Oct. 11
Cadiz, Mouday, Oct. 13.
Eddyville, Tuesday, Oct. 14
Pranceton, Wednesday, Oct. 15
Madisonville, Thursday, Oct. 16.
Morgandeld, Saturday, Oct. 18th.
Henderson, Schuday, Oct. 18th.

The honr of speaking will be I o'clock, P. M Hise's Appointments.

Hen. Elijah Hise, Democratic Elector for th State at large, will address mass meetings of th people at the following times and places, viz: orth Middletown, Bourbon co., Oct. 9.
rine, Estill county, Oct. 11.
merset, Pulaski county, Oct. 16. Monticello, Wayne county, Oct. 18. Columbia, Adair county, Oct. 21. Glasgow, Barren county, Oct. 23. Franklin, Simpson county, Oct. 25. Hon. Linn Boyd.

Richmond, Madison county, Oct. 10.
Winchester, Clark county, Cct. 11.
Mt. Sterling, Montgomery county, Oct. 12.
West Liberty, Morgan county, Oct. 16.
Owingaville, Bath county, Oct. 23.
Carlisle, Nicholas county, Oct. 24.
Carlisle, Nicholas county, Oct. 25. Cynthiana, Harrison connty, Oct. 25. Georgetown, Scott county, Oct. 27. Owenton, Jwea county, Oct. 28. New Castle, Henry connty, Oct. 29.

Col. John W. Stevenson ratic Elector for the State at large,

Col, Thomas B. Stevenson he United States, at the times and places f

ring zel Green, Morgan county, Saturday Oct. 4. sest Liberty, "Monday Oct. 6. auton, Powell county, Saturday Oct. 11. ischenator, Clarke county, Monday Oct. 13. rlisle, Nicholas county, Wednesday Oct. 15. arpsburg, Bath county, Thursday Oct. 16. yoming, "Friday Oct. 17. orehead, Rowan county, Monday Oct. 20.

Hon. B L. Clark

Hop. B. L. Clarke will address the citizens mtucky at the following times and places, npor e political issues involved in the Presidential con

anchester, Clay county, Thursday, Oct. 9.
ondon, Laurel county, Friday, Oct. 10.
It. Vernou, Rockcastle county, Esturday, Oct. 11.
omerset, Pulaski county, Monday, Oct. 12.
fonticello, Wayne county, Tuesday, Oct. 14.
camestown, Bassell county, Wednesday, Oct. 14.
Cotumbin, Adair county, Thursday, Oct. 16.
Glasgow, Barren county, Friday, Oct. 17.
Elkton, Todd county, Tnesday, Oct. 21.

R W. Wnelley, Eag Will address the people upon the political ques North Mid lletown, with Judge Hise, Oct 9th. Lawrenceburg, Faturday, Oct. 11th. Carlisle, Monday, Oct. 13th.

Cynthiana, Tuesday, Oct. 14th
Turkey Poot, Wednesday, Oct. 15th.
Harrodsburg, Thursday, Oct. 16th.
Cogar's Landing, Jessamine, Saturday, Oct. 18th. The speaking to commence at 2 o'clock, P.M., at ach place, excepting ut Paris, Mr. Woolly will peak there at night.

speak there at night.

S. Garfielde, Esq.,

Assistant Democratic State Elector, will address his fellow-citizens upon the political topies of the day at the following times and places:
Sharpsburg, Bath co., Tuesday, Oct. 14th.
West Liberty, Morgan co., Thursday, Oct. 16th.
1 azle Green, Morgan co., Friday, Oct. 18th.
Morehead, Rowan co., Friday, Oct. 24th.
Olive Ilil, Carter co., Saunday, Oct. 25th.
Grayson, Carter co., Monday, Oct. 27th.
Greenupsburg, Greenup co., Tuesday, Oct. 28th.
Kinuikonick (month) Lewis co., Wednesday, Oct. Kinnikonick (month) Lewis co., Wednesday, Oct

28th. Clarksburg, Lewis co., Thursday, Oct. 30th. Orangeburg, Mason co., Priday, Oct. 31st. Mayslick, Mason county, Saturday, Nov. 1st. Winchester, Clarke co., Monday, Nov. 2d. Speaking each day st 1 P. M., except at Sharpsburg, which will be at 7 P. M. The appointments in Lewis county may be changed to other points than those indicated above, if the friends think best and notice is given him at Greenmahurg. The est, and notice is given him at Greennpsburg. Th

Grand Democratic Mass Meeting, Near Gilman's, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railr ad, five miles from the city, to be held Thursday, October 23d.

The Democrats and Anti-Know-Nothings of Kentneky and the adjoining States are invited to come. Ampie preparations will be made for all. Governor Wilard, Jesse D Bright, Gov Wright, of La, Ilon Geo E Pagh, Chas Anderson, Esq., of Ohio; Stephen A Deuglas, of Ill.; Ilon S Caruthers, of Mo. Hon J Glancey Jones, Hon S Black, of Pa.; Ilon James C Jones, Gov Johnson, of Tenn; Senator Benjamin, of La.; Ilon Chas A Wickliffe, Governor Powell, Hon Archie Dixon, Joseph Holt, Esq., Ilon Wm Preston and Ilon Geo A Ce'dwell, of Ky., have been invited, and are expected to be present.

Cammittee of Arrangements.—E W Cannon, John Thatcher, John Burks, Wm C Bultit, James W Graham, Sim Gurr, Phil Speed, James Fenley, Col Chas Harrison, Ired Rudy, George W Curdy, Elias Dorsey, Sr., Sam Womsek, Dan Gilman, T G Rucker, John Hikes, Sr.

Managers.—I L Ilyatt, John F Rudy, John Harbold, Geo Womack, Joseph Funk, Tho Gilliaud, Jas Simpson, John A Hayes, Jas Stivers, John G King, J P Miller, A H Hussey, Phil Miller, Geo M Prather, Jas Gault, John F Young, T T Snummers, J W Osborne, Wm M Bonrae, Abr W Iliams, Cov Arterhnru, L. L Dorsey, Peyton L Simpson, John Conn, John Woodsmall, Henry Bence, John F Garr, W H Shively, John Waller, Ant Weiser, H Black-cubaker, Henry Dent, W A Duckwall, Tho Batman, Dr. Thos Bobannan, Dr. J A Kruck, Phil Vacaro, Rich Isanes, John Arbegost. The Democrats and Anti-Know-Nothings of Ken-

Grand Raily at Vevny 1nd. There will be a barbecue given by the Democrate of Switzerland county, Ind., on Saturday, Cet. 11 of Switzerland county, Ind., on Saurrany, Col. 11, 1856, and a grand torch-light procession in the evening at Vevay, Ind. 1 on. Jesse 11. Bright, Col. Thos. Id. Holt, of Louisville, and other eminent speakers, have been invited, and have promised to be present. Come, all parties. It is hoped many good Democrats and Anti-K. N 'afrom Kentneky will be present.

At Shelbyville.

[PJas. S. Littlepage and others will address the people at Shelbyville on Monday, October 13th. Democrats, Whigs Know-Nothings and Fourth Degree Members, all are invited to be present and hear the truth expounded.

At Taylorsville.

Grand Democratic Bally at Taylorsville on Saturday, October 11, 1856. Come one, come all, to hear speeches from Hon. Charles A. Wickliffe, Hon. Beriah Magoffin, and the Hon. George E. Pugh, of Ohio, who are expected to address von. A bonutiful and splendid barbecue will be pre ared, tree to all.

MANAGERS. Chas. B. May, Rob. C. Stone, Jonathan Davis,
Dr. J. J. Heady,
Jno. B. Cochran,
Jac. Beard,
Dr. W. S. Cheatham
French L. Sampson, Geo. T. Illekman, Jas. Shelburne, Wm. V. Sloan, J. Ilardman,

**BENOCRATIC MEETING** THERE will be a Democratic Meeting 31 Prassi Grove Meeting Honse, in Jefferson county, Ky. or So urdey, the lith October, 1806 Dector 15-5 unmild! Wilson will address the people. The meeting tu commence at 10-closek

The First Annual Fair OF THE NELSON COUNTY AGRICULTURAL & MECHANICAL ASSOCIATION

lown, Ky., commencing Tuesday, October 21st, 1856, nd to continue four days. The grounds being handsomely enclosed, an

he amphitheatre completed, there will be ample oom and accommodation for all who may se proper to attend. IMPORTANT FACTS .- Thousands and tens o

thousands of persons, including every age, sex and class, suffer year after year, and day after day with rheumatic pains in the back and shoulers, and almost every part of the body; un oubtedly every one so afflicted wishes to be ured, and will gladly avail themselves of such emedies as they find have proven mos! success ful in the cure of the same class of disease Porter's Oriental Life Liniment has been used by hundreds with the most wonderful success. never fails to afford relief, and in many it stances effecta a permanent cure. We would merely say to the afflicted this Liniment canno do them any harm. It is easily applied, and on ly cos's twenty-five cents per bottle, and can be and of every druggiat and country store-keeper

throughout the country. The Great Russlan Remedy. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

"Every mother should have a lox in the onse handy in esse of accidents to the children."

nonse handy in case of accidents to the children."

Reddling's Russian Saive.

It is a Boston remedy of thirty years standing, and is ecommended by physicians. It is a sure and speedy enre for Brins, Piles, Boils, Corns, Felcons, Chilblains, and Old Sores of every kind; for Fever Sores, Ulceis, Itch, Seald Head, Nettle Rash, Bunions, Sore, Nipples, (recommended by nurses), Whitlows, Sties, Festers, Flea Bites, Spilder Stings, Frozen Limbs, Salt Bheum, Scurvy, Sore and Cracked Lips, Sore Nose, Warts and Flesh Wounds, It is a most valuable remedy and cure, which can no instance will this Salve do an injury, or in fere with a physician's prescriptions. It is made on the purest materials, from a recipe brough

engraved on the wrapper. Price, 25 cents a Box. REDDING & CO., Proprietors. R. A. Robinson & Co., Bell, Talbott & Co., Lon sville; Scribner & Devol, New Albany.

No Family shouldbe without Hooflond's German Bitters—Children Afflicted with the Summer Complaint eatherly Curedby them.

Camden, N. J., March 14, 1855.—Dear Sir: It is with much pleasure that I inform you of the great benefit derived from the use of your German Bitters in my family. During the greater part of last summer, my son, aged two years, was severely of.

he Bitters, and ree no standard family should be without them.

JOHN W. PARIS, Respectfully, JOHN W. PARIS, To Dr. M. Jackson. Plumb st., above Second.

Robbery of the Land Office at Milan, Mo., The safe of the United States Land Office, at Milan, Sullivan comity, Missonri, was broken open on the night of Sunday, the 28th by thieves. It was in the Register's office, to which the thieves

BY TELEGRAPH.

Florida Election. NEW YORK, Oct. 8, P. M. The election in Florida on Monday, was quite spirited. The Know Nothings carried Duval conny by a majority of 185. Other scattering returns

Later from Europe. ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP ARAGO.

candidate for Governor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8 .- The Arsgo arrived at 8 New YORK, Oct. 8.—The Arago arrived at 8 o'clock this morning with London dates to the 24th and two hundred and seventy passengers, including Col. Siebels, late American Minister to Brussels, T. P. Sullivan, Consul to Bovenne, Jerome Bonaparte, Gabriel Ravel, Charles Bondesguen, manager of the Freuch opera at New Orleans with several distinguished constitution. mished operatic artists.

The Arago passed on the 24th off Cowesan Amer-

cau propeller; on the 29th, lat 50, long. 26, the teamer Fulton hence; also on the 6th Oct. steamer Washington hence, also on the on oct. Steamer Washington hence.

A serious conflict had taken place at Trebizond where some Turkish sailors fore down the Russian flag from a merchant ship, and threw the Russian sailors into the sea. The Russian Consul demanded the dismissal of the captain of the port.

Medicil somewhat taket that a sailors conflict occ. Madrid journals state that a serious conflict oc-urred ou the 9th Sept. between Garrison Metilla

n the Morocco coast and the Moors. The Span-ards had 9t killed and seventy wounded; foss of the Moors still more severe.

Advices from St. Vincent state that the greater portion of the inhabitants either abandoued the island or died from cholers. At Madeira the cholera still existed but less fa-

levite araoo ]

[BYTTE ARAOO ]

Haver, Sept 21.

Cotton—The merket closed active with en advancing endency, sales for the week 12,300 bales New Orloans trest closers, 1007. The stock in 63,000 bales

Floar—is dail and deciming Elcotlon News.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 8.—First ward—Swann, Amer , 554; Wright, Dem., 400. American gain 400. Fourth ward—Swann 909; Wright 288; heavy merican gain. Fifth ward—Swann 350; Wright 393. Fifth ward—Swann 350; Wright 393.
Sixth ward—Swann 553; Wright 948.
Ninth ward—Swann 217; Wright 520.
Tenth ward—Swann 381, Wright 421.
Thirteenth ward—Swann 417; Wright 376.'
Fonrthenth ward—Swann 626; Wright 481
Fifteenth ward—Swann 606; Wright 402.
Florenth ward—Swann 606; Wright 402.
Florenth ward—Swann 232; Wright 402. Eleventh ward-Swann 233; Wright 661 Twelfth ward-Swann 669; Wright 681 Third ward—Swann 1062; Wright 818. Seventeenth ward—Swann 705; Wr ght 617. The Americans are wild with delight, and parad-ng the streets with music. The excitement is in-

The most serious riot occurred at the Lexington Market between the adherents of the New Market Company, Democrats and the American Club of "Ripraps." The former were driven from the 12th ward polls, and proceeded to the engine house, armed themselves with maskets, and pursued the "Ripraps" to the market house. A general fight ensured with pistols and maskets, which lasted half an honr. Twenty, more or less, were wounded.—Charles Brown, Walter Sparks, and another, unknown, were killed. Two or three are dangerously wounded.

The Fair & Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8;-Fifty thousand visitor, were in attendance at the National Fair to-day were in attendance at the National Fair to-day. The receipts at the entrance for single admission was seven thousand dollars. Among the distinguished visitors were Senator Wilson, of Mass., and George W. Custis, of Va. At dinner the latter made a nest and spirited address. The race comes was a great scene of attraction. The seats on the stand, for 8,000 persons were all filled. Nine entries of horses were made for a trot premium of \$250—time 2:42. To-merrow will be a great day. The butchess of the city, numbering 2,000, proceed.

More Rioting in Baltimere. BALTIMORE, Oct. 8.—There has been a great amount of disorder and fighting during the latter part of the day, and pistols and guns were free'y used. The fighting in the Eighth and Fourteenth Wards was particularly severe—four men were killed and 20 wounded. Among the latter were 3

President Pierce.
Concord, N. H., October 6.—The President left tere this more ing for Portsmouth, where he will mbark to-morrow on board the frigate Wabish for

The Yellow Fever. New York, Oct. 8 .- Three new cases of yellow ling one at the Military Hospital

WILMINGTON, DEL., Oct. 8 .- The election yest Kent gives 450 and Sussex 500 majority. The Democrats have carried every hundred in the State

HARTFORD, Oct. 7, M.—Returns have been re-ceived from 73 towns, und the result shows that the R-publicans have carried the election in 44, while the Demo rats have prevailed in 28. In one town a part of each ticket was elected. NEW YORK, Oct. 7, M .- The town elections in

iderable Democratic gains.

HARTFORD, October 8 .- The Courant says return

U. S. Agricultural Society's Fair. U. S. Agricultural Society's Fair.

Philadelphia, Oct. 7.—The United States Agricultural Society's Fair was attended by 10,000 visitors, and was opened with a cavalcade of about 300 horses. An address was delivered by Mr. Wilder, President of the Society. The display of neat cattle was never equalled, especially of beyons and Durbams. Jersey city is overflowing with strangers. The hotels and boarding houses are insufficient to accommodate them.

the municipal government and citizens a cordial cetting. The President briefly responded to the

Harreorn, Oct. 8.—The official returns from 115 towns gives Buchunan 58; Fremont 55; sad 2 divi-led. The Democrats' gain 22; the Fremonters 8.— The net Democratic gain, is 14 from the last elec-

Masa Convention

BUFFALO, October 8 .- The Queen City Mills o lack Bock, owned by Hiram Smith, were destroyed y fire last evening, together with a large amoun f stock. The loss is \$60,000, on which there are Republican Procession Stoned

CINCINNATI, October 8.-Many persons were eriously injured in the Republican procession last night by stones and other missiles thrown by outsi

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7, M .- B. B. Bottsand Pryor WARHINGTON, Oct. 7, M.—B. B. Bottsand Pryor, with their friends, went ont early this morning for a duel near Blair's farm, just across the District.—Their ground was selected, but before positions were taken, all the parties were arrested, together with weapons and pistols, and brought before Justice Goddard in Washington, when the principals were released on parole of nonor that they would return to Richmond this evening in comp my with the officer sent from the latter city to arrest them

PITTSBURO, Oct. 7—The special correspondent of the Chronicl, this afternoon, states that the Dem-ocratic demonstion, to-day, at Greensburg, was one of the largest ever held in Westmoreland coun-

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—The Protestant Episco al Convention debate on the Amendment to the

Lained the silver spoons, &c., which identified the white men with Sir John Franklin and his party.

Democratic Victory.

Deteroit, Oct. 6th, P. M.—At the election in the Upper Peninsula, for a State Sena'or and two Representatives, on the 30th of September, the Democratic earlied all by 1,000 majority.

New York Items.

Letter from Chicago.

[Corraspondence of the Louisville Couner. A Trip to Chicago-Politics in the Cara-The Tip-pecanoe Meeting - Northern Fannatics - The True Issue Stated-Cassius M. Cluy-Fillmore Issue and Abolitionism - Unicago a Great City-Fine Vegetables, &c., &c.

CHICAGO, ILL., October 6, 1856. Editors of the Courser :- On the 1st instant 1 indicate the success of Walker, the Know Nothing rossed the Ohio river, on my way northward to this place, and I must confess that different feelngs were produced in me from any I have hadhereofore in passing that great line which divides the two sections of this country. Unwise and rash politicians of the one section, by continued detracion and abuse of the other and its institutions ave produced in the minds of many a disposition o look upon this as almost a frontier river. I left incinnatiln a snow storm, the weather being so old as to require overcoats and plaids to be comfortable. The oldest settlers, I believe, have not thown so early an encroachment of winter upon the fall, and it is looked upon by weather orucles as a sign that the approaching senson will be one

Upon the crowded cars, politics, of course, was the popular theme with almost every one. There was a Fremont barbeeue (to continue three days) peing held at the Tippecanoc Battle Ground, and along the line of the road their flags were flying in every direction, and as we approached the place of their meeting, the cars themselves became thronged with these people. Of course the vote must be taken, which resulted very respectably in point of numbers for Mr. Fremont. In glancing over the rowd as we passed the Battle Ground, I estimated ne number present to be about 15,000 people, inluding women and children. It struck me that hese people had selected a very unsuitable place at which to hold their meeting and to utter their de-nanciations against one half the Union. A battle nnnciations against one half the Union. A battle field, made immortal by the valor of Southern troops, and almost every foot of which is a Kentucky soldier's grave, must be viewed by every one who knows its history asthe most in appropriate of all places to be used as the barbecue grounds of a Northern faction.

These men seem to be excited beyond degree whom temperathing they know not what shout in about it.

bont something, they know not what—about in ginary wrongs and aggressions of the "slave por r," as they call it, which their leaders have i er," as they call it, which their leaders have in duced them to believe are real things. And when you ask them what wrongs and what aggression they have suffered, they can't tell, but will refeyou to their newspapers and orators as authority for their as sertions. The masses of the Fremon party seem to be wholly ignorant of what they are about—of what would be the results that would follow their triumph, and what are the real Issues before the country. They think that they be a leader low their triumph, and what are the real Issnes before the country. They think that there has been some great breach of faith on the part of the South in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, which they say was a sacred compact between the sections, and that the Kansas bill neurally legislates and enconrages the introduction of slavery into that territory. And when they are told that what they call the Missouri Compromise was a mere net of Congress, repealable as any other laws by any subsequent Congress—that it never was agreed to by the North-that upon its passage a larger majority of the Northern vote went against it—that when Missouri presented herself for admission, with a constitution formed in accordance with that act, she was rejected by Northern votes—and she uver was admitted until Henry Clay, of Kentneky, brought forward a new compromise, which comprorought forward a new compromise, which compr ise has never been interfered with and yet remai law-aud when, as regards the Kansas Nebrasl ill, they are informed in the identical language he bill itself that the true intent and meaning

tories of the Union, they seem to be amused at such statements and deny that they are facts.

It appears to me that if the Democratic party would publish the true record of the Missouri compromise acts, and the Kansus-Nebrsska bill liself, in tract form, and distribute them throughout the free States in colporteur fashion, it would do more than anything else to enlighten those misguided men when we support Vir Errennt many of where men who now support Mr. Fremont, many of whom I believe, are inclined to be conservative and loys

citizeus.

There was on Saturday night last a very large and enthusiastic meeting of the Fremont party convened here to listen to a speech from C. M. Clay.—
Of course he was radical throughout. One of his declarations was that freedom and slavery could ust perish. At this point an old gentleman in the The cry im nedia ely came from all quarters to take him out," and Mr. Clay failed to answer the nestion.

The friends of Mr. Fillmore here are of late mak-

ing some little noise. They have started a daily paper called the Chicago Patriot, and have issued several numbers. It is printed at the office of the Tribune, of this city, which is nearly Abaltima

KENTUCKIAN ABROAD. Court of Appeals.

[FORTY-FIRST DAY.] FRIDAY, October 3.

CAUSES DECIDED. Cannon v Sorrell, Lonisville; affirmed. Zanone v Murv, Louisville; affirmed.

Zinone v Mury, Louisville; amrimed. Matthews v McReynolds, Louisville; affirmed. Hawes v Sorrell, Louisville; reversed. Berry v Hamilton, Clarke; reversed. Harrison v Gray, Christian; reversed. Thompsov v Whitehead, Harrison; reversed. Bennett v Bolten, Louisville-judgment untere n vesterday set aside.

Howard v Satterwhite, Lonisville; Howard's Satterwhite, Lonisville; Lenox v Tevis, Lonisville; Moore v Pope, Lonisville; Lockery v Gallagher, Lonisville; Tobe v Tobe, Louisville; Bate v Henderson, Louisville; Dodge v Evans, Loulsville—were urgued.

[FORTY-SECOND DAY.] CAUSES DECIDED. CAUSES DECIDED.

Tobe v Tobe, Lonisville; affirmed.
Lenox v Tevis, Louisville; affirmed.
Lockery v Gallagher, Louisville; affirmed.
Howard v Satterwhite, Louisville; affirmed
Moore v Pone, Louisville; reversed.
Cockerell v Stockton, Estill; affirmed.

ORDERS. llefferman v llefferman, Louisville; Lee v Nicholas, Louisville; Wilkes v Wilkes, Louisville; Reed v Worthington, Louisville; Becket v Becket, Louisville; Williams v Bettisou, Louisville-were argued

[FORTY-THIRD DAY.] Monday, Oct. 6 CAUSES DECIDED. Wright v Mayfield, Graves, affirmed. Drake v Magdalen Society, Shelby; affirmed. Dodge v Evans, Louisville; affirmed. Lee v Nicholas, Louisville; affirmed. williams v Bettison, Louisville; affirmed.
Ba'c v Henderson, Louisville—appeal dist Heffermun v Hefferman, Louisville; revers the terms upon which the lot is to be sold.

FORTY-FOURTH DAY. Tuesday, Oct. 7. CAUSES DECIDED.

ams only. Stone v Ilill, Nelson; petition overruled. Good Luck .- The Memphis Bulletin, of the 4th inst., savs: heir bankers' case, containing notes, &c., to the mount of six or eight thousand dollars, stolen from heir safe, and had long since given up the same as

the late Randolph Fair. They are both very fir animals, and both took priminus at the best Fair in Kentacky, and it will take the very best of judge to do justice where they come in contact as contest tants for the prize. From New York,
New York, Oct. 6, M—The steamer Daniel
Webster has arrived from New Orleans.
The schooner Arab, hence for Fairfield, N. C.,

Crats carried all by 1,000 msjority.

Two new cases of fever have been reported at Between the Almonous county, Friday, Oct. 27.

Litchfield, Grayson county, Monday, Oct. 27.

Litchfield, Grayson county, Mo with u cargo of merchandise, was run into off Square Beach, and her bulworks cut down to the water's edge. She has been towed buck to this

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURLER. WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 8 There has been but very little activity pownling this reck, with very limited stocks of verious articles of con

cove or forward goods, except at very exorb.taut rates. BAGGING AND ROPE-We hear of no material tra

CANDLES-We quote sales of Star Candles st 25a% COTTON AND COTTON YARNS.-The market is or

CHEESE-Sales of Western a' 10a10% cts, with high HEMP-The stock is very light, and we quote dew ro l at \$17515185 per ton.

111DES-Sales of Green at 65 46%c, with 25c per Hid-or comm saica; city cured, dry-salied c! 14 cts, The mar-tet for lides is liviu GINSENG-We quote at 38a40e. FEATHERS-We notice a fair demand, and quote prim FLOUR AND GRAIN-The supply of Flour, chiefly

FLOUR AND GRAIN—The supply of Flour, caking the product of our own ruills, exceeds the demend for continuing, and we notice light daily shipments to Cincinit. We quite sales of should, 709 bb sin lots at \$5.50 a to small sales of \$0,0 and a lot of 1,000 bbls at \$5.50, also small sales of 1 to choice at \$5.50 a 75. The kurples of Wheat are aght, with sales at \$1 05a1 10-in advance; and lor choice of \$1 15 Corn from wagons was selling freely at 50c per VARNISHES-25 bull: Copat, Japen, Cosch. ac., 60. sale by ett25 R. A. ROBINSON & Co. BRAN AND MEAL-Sales of Bran et \$10a\$11, e'd pstuff at \$20 per ton. Cornmeal 6ic. GROUERIES-Market for Sugar buoyant; demand has

ncressed, with salo of N. O. fair Sugar et 1024 ets; 30 bbls crushed and do ble refined at 1334 444c. Coffee market rm, and demand very 1 mited; small sales of Rio at 11%c. red at 151, altc. Levering's Philade phin double refined eld at 14%. Mo.a-ses - Light sa'es at 64c. Rice-Sales

IRON AND NAILS-Kentucky Balmont Pig Iron 1 POTATOES-Small sales at \$2 50 per bbl.

with a sale of 200 bbls mess pork at \$17 50; less 1 percen for cish. Country Bic in dull-Suia.! sales from wagons \$284c for Hams, 75,28c for Clear Sides, and 7c for Ribbed do and Shoulders Hard v any transactions in Bacon and

OIL-Linseed Oil sells from the mills at \$1.10, and bill5from stare; sales of No 1 Lard Oil at 90m95 cts, and No 2 at 80m85c. tail: Kanawha Alum 50a55c. SEED-We grote Flaxsed at \$1.75a1 80 per bushel; lso sales of Orebard Grass at \$1.75e; sales of Fimothy \$3. 5; 11 mp \$1.25a1 50, Hedge Grass \$1.75; Blue Grass \$1.25;

TINPLATE-Dealers now demand \$ 12 50al4 25 for I C TOBACCO-Sales at ware houses Thursday as follows demand unusually brisk; sa'es of 200 bas common brand

SHOT -Very scarce at \$202 10

ints ere in light demand end may be quotadel \$95a398 r 100 acre warrante, sud \$90 to \$96 for 120 acres. Ex EXCHANGE

ADDITIONAL SALES.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 8, 1845. Whisky has declined again to 29c. Flour dull at \$5.50 with only draw load sales; sales scarcant \$1 10at 15. Sales of Rve at 60a65c. A sale of 10 tons Pig Iron, Belmont, at \$35, freight added. Small sales of Bagging at 18a20.; Rope

LOUISVILLE FAMILY MARKET. ands, none. Choice table butter et 30a40c per B; fair buer 20a25c. Fresh beef is selling at 9a10c for choice ca otatoes are a ore plenty, and sellet \$2 00a\$2 25 jerbi

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8, P. M

On the 29th ult., by Rev. G. Gates, Mr. ROBERT GREEN VELLIO Miss Nancy J. Rogers, both of this city On the 2nd inst., by Rev. J. L. Hatsey, Mr. A. B. DEAR nd Miss M. A. Bonne, all of this city.

On the 30th ult., 31r. Josuph Rowley, of this city, age Holloway's Ointment and Pills The brother of His Holmess, the Pope, was advised the ea of these medicines for escrofulous emption of esert-

THE TRUTH AND NOTHING ELSE.

Ball remainbered by the citizens of Lon wille and vicinity, that the undersigned still continues has busin meat of GENTLEMENS CLOTHING STORE; where he keeps constant you hand of meat of GENTLEMENS CLOTHING of his own menufacture. The reputation for fair dea. But hat the MARK STRAUS, tomers STRAUS a 18AACS Corner Market and First streets, Louisville, K att d6& wtjan 1st

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S Something Interesting to Gentlemen! CELEBRATED DURKEE, HEATH&CO., GERMAN BITTERS DR. C. M. JACKSON, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia. Jaundice, rome or Nervous Debility, Diseases at the Kulneys, on all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Bieck, hrown, clive and other colors, of the best makes of U.o.ths imported.

Mer no, Sia, Cotion, Lisle-Thread Shirts and Drawers for sonis, so well as all varieties of Gloves, Handkerchelfs, &c., &c.,

Nan Latiner Underweer of every description, Shungre Bay State Shawle, ing recoived;

be bought else visue in a men cheaper than con he bought else visue in a men cheaper than con 100 cases of December 100 cases of 100 gents' Trave ang Shewis, manch cheaper than co he bought else vicere, 100 cases of Prats just mened et 6% and 10 cents. New styles of Velves. Clouks, and also, the reduce things in Siks and Sik Rohes, just in by the last steame DURKEE, HEATH & CO. 05 d.s.w 107 Fourth st., het. Market end Jefferson COWNEY BITTERS-10 dozen Gowly Bitters just re-freested; cell soon if you want, st s13 daw DOWNING & BRO.

OWNING & BRO.

Fill daw bales Soit Shul Almonds.

Shibis good English Weinuts;

5 do Filberts;

5 do Filberts;

DOWNING & BRO.

ARBINES, &c.

20 whide, half, and querter boxes;

20 uchdie, half, and querter boxes;

Sladkw

CANDY-We manufacture deily e superior article of Candy, made of the best crusicelengar. At wholesele our prices are la costs for 1 andy and 20 cents out Kisses, with 10 cercent off, for cash only. When you want agon, send use norder and try our Centy-we lee confident wou will find it very sweet.

BOWNING & BRO REFINED BORAX-1,000 pounds refined Borsy, it sale b au25dxw R. A. ROEINSON & CO. BRIMSTONE - 28 bbla Br matene, for sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO. RUSIN SOAP-200 boxes No. 1 femily Soap, for sale R. A. ROBINSON & CO. CANARY SEED-25 bashes Conary Seed, for sole by en25 daw R. A. ROBINSON & CO

To Dr C. M. Jackson.
M. H. PIGG & CO. sey:
LEVES. Kr. August. 1, 1251.—"The Bitters are all the
rage in Itiesney burbool, end our people think there is
authors that could be found easies to them." PEPPER & SPICE—
2 bags Pepper;
20 do Alspice; for sale by
euzid&w

R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

CHEMICALS—
1,500 onness Sulphale Quinine;
30 d) do Morphine,
153 do do Cinchosa;
200 du Chinciodine;
30 du Quindine;
30 du Quindine;
30 du Quindine;
100 du Salacine;
100 du Salacine;
111 de Winglide Polagh; for sale by
mylld&w

R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

DURE TIM THYSEED—1,000 bushels, a prime article, of the trateoute resonancement to them. NELSOV 4 EDWARDS sud;
Salvisa, Kr., Jule 21. it.l.— We result to theorem you hat this just y celebrated me come has fully maintaness, the exalted reputation which has been given it, and having tested its virtues, we make attained yeary it eminently JAMES WARING send: VAN-ESURO, Ky., Sept 16,1852 —"I have used two hot less of your German Briters in my f.m. ly, and am wel lessed with them." less of year decaded with them."

JESSE GRANT sad:
1ENINE, KY. June 25, 1251 — "We have succeeded in in froducing your H off and Kitters; physicians and others purchive them by the half dozen and Josen"

J. T. 4 J. W. BERRY sad:
UNIONTOWN, KY. July 21, 1312 — "We have heard of many enreaper times by the use of Dr. Haddand's German Batters, and behave it to be a valuable medicine." PURE TIM THY SEED -1.000 bushels, a prime articitor sale, wholesele and retail, by

KUNN & BUCHANAN,

K29.1&W Louisville Seed and Agricultural Store

Clover, on store end for sale by MUNN & BUCHANAN.

A GRICULTURAL 1 of PLEMEN IS.—Our stock of Thresting Machines, Wheat Paus, Straw Uniters (cluding the most approved patents) Ploys, Agriculture I the very best quality, for sale, wholesale and retail by MIVNN & BUCHANAN, \$29.1% v Louisville Seed and Agricultural Store DR. GRAVES'S FAMILY MEDICINES

PRINTS—

10 the said black do:
10 the said black do:
10 the said black and white Prints;
11 the control of the said black of the said blac BENJ A. FLOOD VENITIAN BLIND MAKER, ol7 d aw

MILLINEY. FOURTH STREET, 10) FOURTH STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY. MRS. J. A BEATTIE respectfully informs the public, and especially that Ladies, that she has just raceived and is now opening her Fell Stock of PARIS MILLINERY,

rimmings in every variety, together with most arkeles This entire stock was selected in nerson as of the heat

MRS. J. A. BEATTLE. s11 deod2 n kw2m LITTLE GIANT CORN AND COB

STEWART'S We quote the maney market, duil, with limited sales of stocks at \$100 \$119 for Kentucky benks, Land war-DYSPEPTIC ELIXIR.

DEALERS IN FINE JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE AND
PLATED GOODS,

NO, 463 MAIN STREET, BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH, LOUISVILLE, KY. PARTICULAN attention peal to cleaning, repairing end regulating Chronomete, happen, Lever, and Le multiples, lever, and Le particular attention of the peak of the control ind experienced wo kman.

FLETCHER & BENNETT, 463 Main street,
mySldxwlyst between Fourth and Fifth.

Fifth Fall Sale of Dry Goods at Auction, by Catalogue, on three O's WEDNESDAY, Oct. 15, commanders we will offer at Public Austion, by credit of three months—

By Gowdy, Terry & Co.

end under, the months' credit, peyedle rest. discount for cash.

GOWDY, TERRY & CO.,

Auctioneers

FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY OF LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office correr Man and Bullitt steets.

Alory Newcomb's Building, entrance on Medical Company continues to make Lagrand ABRAM HITE, Secretor

DIRECTORS.

ETIRED CLERGY WAN, restored to health widers, after many years of great nervous account to make known the means of cura

VELVET RIBBONS—
23 certions Ve vet Ribbons, aveorted widths,
160 boxes Mass Frinces age,
13 cartoons Burla do,
Just received and for sale by JAMES LOW & CO.
413 Msin stree FANCY CASSIMERES -

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN EAGLE MAIN ST.

We nearly every uricle, athe siver lor, thetean be desired, that is now in use, such av Canton. Prichers, Goblets, Tumblers, Cupe, Spoon Veves, Fish, Pie end Cahe Kurse, every variety of spoons, Forks, Re. Also, i have always on hand a stock of Jas. Rodgers Son's youry headle feble Cutlery WM KENDRICK.

WM. KENDRICK'S,

71 Third Street.
MY STOCK is now very complete which Is nemaking additions

1.000 ACRES LAND FOR SALE.

post to Ra egh, Union county, Kv. dexwil PRED. Y. and JOHN S GEIGER. Jefferson County Farm for Sale. 286 ACKES

of Good Creek, and mountain to Brown about of Good Creek, and mountain to Brown about of the Creek, and mountain the waters of the Creek, and mountain the care of the Creek, and mountain the care of Louisvaile, in J. raon county, Ky., contains

PHŒNIX FOUNDRY, OFFICE NORTH SIDE MAIN STREET.

BETWEEN WINTE AND TENTE. HOTCHKISS' REACTION WATER WHEELS HOTCHKISS NEAR 1.5.

Dr Grat or Saw Miles.

A large assort meut of Patterns for Milt Gearing, Re.
Cestings made of the chortest notice.

WM H GRAINGER, Agent.

LOUISVILLE, Ky

FARR'S

OR INTERMITTENT FEVER. THE Proprie-or would essure the public, no Quinine, of any Minera substance, so in urious to the system of inversally siderding but temporary relief, entere its mposition; their its essentially vegetable in its nature, beginned to persons of aver are and other rest, not on administration according to directions, no er failt to est a certain a cure, and completely prevent or ratura of

BOOTS AND SHOES. A. N. WHITNEY WHOLESALE DEALER IN BOOTS AND SHOES, . 493 MAIN OTREET, BETWEEN PIPTE AND SIXTH, LOUISVILLE, KY

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. BY VITCE of a decree of the Warrel Circuit Court, readered of the June lerm, 125, io the the savinor Jona M Mason cond others, or gainer E. zasoria Wan Lang, I. as Commissioner, w. I on Tawarday, the savinor of March 101, in the highest badler the valuable Farm and all the made squeen, the savinor that the made squeen, the savinor could be savinor to the savinor could be savinor could be savinor could be savino

THE STODART PIANO. SMITH & NIXON,

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rom the country promptly ettended in if ad-ORDIOORY & MAURY. Managers Kentneky Stata Lottery DOLLER MAKER, 10 now pre ared to manufactus. Davery description of Steam Builers, Tanks, Boak Van 1 he., at his shop, corner of Ninth and Water atract, Loui

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# WEEKLY COURIER

A DOLLAR OR TWO. th cast out size, as we treat our way through an antroata world as other folks de, go we still on our outney be able to view he benevolent face of a dollar or two; For an expelled things in a dollar or two; No fread is so true as a dollar or two; Thro' country and town, as we pase up and dowe No passport's so good as a dollar or two!

Would you wish your existence with faith to imbue had a roll in the minks of annet fiel few? Toomlyon a good man and a well cust loned paw. Toomlyon a good man down with a do lar or two. The state of Raston Post.

The Mysterious Salute.

As I sat in the ladies' room at the Peter borough e ation, waiting the arrival of the Lon-don train, two ladies came in together, whose appearance, though not exactly uncommon caught my eye. They were nice-looking, and caught my even the ware must have been pretty. They were not dressed slike, but there was a pervading tone about them alke in both. The large collar, whose antique shape and rich work proclaimed a reverence for the taste of past days; the cool white stockings and sandal less prunella shoes; the dresses, not too long, of a prevailing gray color; the brown crape shawl of the one, and the small white three-over of the other lady, the Tuscan straw bonnets, with their ose and while trimmings, and the black and green veils appended to each; together with the long-shafted parasols without fringe, and the neat little baskets they carried—made is evident that these were what are called ob-

'Caroline,' said one of them, who appear the younger of the two, we are in capital time. I really begin to think it is less dreadful than we imagined, and if we can only get a nice

'Ah!' replied Miss Caroline, who acted rather in the coaracter of chaperone to her young friend—ah there is nothing like being in good time. Better wait an hour, Clementina, than be late one minute. I feel quite glad to have brought my knitting, indeed I never go anywher without it; and now that I cannot see very we rithout glasses, reading is out of the question ou have Dr. Gregory's letters there, I see. How different the literary productions of the prese day are? Really, the trash young people read now is terrible, when I think how we were brought up. But I wish Harriet Spyker would come. I begin to think we ought to take our

Very soon after this, I saw another little lady, apparently about their own standing, bust-ling about, turning round, looking into corners, behind doors, and into all sorts of impossible places, till suddenly she espied the two friends, and walking briskly up to them, began to tak and wasking brinshy in the inquiries of both ladies in a tone so headlong, and with a manner so lively, that I could hardly refrain from smiling both with pleasure and surprise. This last lady was dressed in a dark colored satin gown, wit no stiffening or crincline to lift its chinging folds from her short, s ight person. She wore a small black lace shawl, and a white bonnet adorned with an immense purple 'ugly,' as they are too 'How many seats are in these carriages?' asked

the new-comer, after mutual greetings had pas-"I really do not know," said Miss Clementina never traveled bu once before in a train, an I cannot say I remember. But, you know, we could easily ask.' So saying, she went leisurely

up to a very active, busy official, who was greas-ing the wheels of the carriages, and said: 'Pray, my good man, can you tell me how many seats there are, and what time we start! Where is the station clock! Ah' I see; it is quite wrong by my watch, which never either gains or looses.' Then, seeing he paid no sort of at-tention to her, nor indeed heard her, she remarked: 'It is very badly arranged that there i no information to be had, or any one to refer to at these places.'

'All right, ma'am'' said the man, slamming down the iron lid with great noise, and moving off sharply to another wheel. 'How very rude those men are' said Miss Caroline, in a condoling voice. 'It is better to manage entirely for ourselves, my dear, than to

"Ah!" rejoined Miss clementing, how different from the old stage-coach days, when one knew there were four seats which any ladies might have for the asking, and when a scream handkerchief from the windows would arres instant attention from the gentlemen. 'Gentlemen' exclaimed Miss Caroline, 'or

grazier or a shop-boy-by the dress at least; and the young men of the press t time are so exces-eively satircal, and so devoid of that deferential respect without which, a few years avo.

dies society altogether'
'Itie so, indeed,' said Miss Spyker briskly;
'and I declare to you, nothing would induce me
to travel in the same carriage with one of those Here all three agreed that nothing in the

and I therefore tookup my book and satchel, and soon established myselfcomfor ably in the far corner of a first class carriage. I had not been there very long when I saw the three Liends approaching—the two first lades arm in arm,

approaching—the two first ladies arm in arm, and brisk little Miss Spyker peering into first one carriage, then into another, with a face of great anxiety; at length they stood still before the one I had chosen. 'It is pretty well away from the engine, Caro

'And not too near the end of the train either. said Miss Clementina. 'I think we might ven

At this moment a maid servant, who followed them, put into the carriage an infinite variety or brown-paper parcels, of every shape and size. A small 'tiger' also came up, armed with bonnet-boxes like a 'bird-cage man,' which he deposited as h best could within. The three ladies then too

'Thomas,' said Miss Clementina, 'have you \*een the luggage safe?'
'Ynes'nin' said Thomas, grinning and pulling

'And the two carpet bars?' said Miss Caroline 'And the baskets of fruit for Lady M'Gregor 'Two baskets of fruit and the flowers is und

'Two baskets of fruit and the flowers is under this seat, 'um,' said Thomas, holding up the valance of the seat. 'Gasrd said they'd squash 'em in the van along with heavy luggage.'

'Oh, verv well. And, l'homas,' said Miss Caroline, 'don't torget w at I said to you about the garden, now; water those two square bedrawed the one on the lawn; and let me find the

'And mind that we don't find half the root dug up for weeds, and the rest washed bare from using the large watering can. That wil do, Jane, added Mias Clementina to arrang their bonnets, settle their parcels and make foot stools of sundry little boxes they had brough with them After a short pause, Miss Caroline said: 'Don't like this at all—it is so very dark. said: 'Don't like this at all—it is so very dark.
'What will it be in the tunnels?' said Miss

'What will it be in the tunnels?' said Miss Clementina in an unhappy voice.

'Caroline,' said Miss Spyker, 'I don't know what you will think of me, but I confess to yon—.' Here she dropped her voice, and I enly heard the words 'gentlemen in the carriage;' bat I saw Miss Caroline and Miss Clemina bridle up and draw tack, throwing suspicious glances at poor Miss Spyker, who seemed in an embarrassed minority.

Presently, Clementina recommenced the conversation. 'I don't in the least know,' said she, 'how we go off, but I begin to feel rather poorly the engine makes such a terrible noise—one never could be heard screaming.'

'No,'said Miss Spyker, and I believe guards are most inhuman. Il you are ever sofrightened.

are most inhuman. Il you are ever sofrightened or faint, it's of no use; you are locked in, and no more thought of until you reach your jon; ney's end; and then, if you don't hear the nan the place you pass on, of course, for nobody

\*And we, said Miss Clementina, who began to be very nervous, t'shall never know where to stop. How should we! No one can make out what the people say when they call out the names of the stations, and I am sure we shall miss see

course, if a gentleman, one of a proper and steady age—was coming the same way,' mur mured Miss Caroline, descending a little from the exalted position she had prev with regard to Miss Spyker's hinted proposed It is in such cases as these only that one fee quite helpless. O, how I wish we were safe a home!"

At this moment an agitated little scream broke from the lips of Miss Spyker.

What is it? What's the matter? Is it going off? exclaimed Miss Clementing.

hink-I really do think that is Mr. Smith said Miss Spyker, in a nervous manner, looking out of the window as she spoke. 'It certainly is,' said Caroline; 'and, depe

upon it, he is going by this train, and there is his cervant behind with his carpet bag. Do you think it would be improper to ask him to come 'Oh!' exclaimed Miss Clerentina, hoping all the time to be overruled by the other two, 'I am afraid it would be so very forward, and putting

But, suggested Miss Spyker briskly, 'if we were to give him the further seat there, all would be filled except one, and with our shawls and ambrellas we might make up a figure in the widdle seat concern.

middle seat opposite Clementina; or else, you see, with two vacant places we should be so very likely to have instruders. Shall we ask him learning a best owing a best yand unparelled salute! who of those that to do what do you think?

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would be improper,' remarked Clementina, one vainly endeavoring to seem neutral.
'And I declare, said little Miss Spyker hun edly, 'I see two other gentlemen lingering here, ose by. Don't you really think we might! e is so very highly respectable—such a thorough ntleman, and not of the new school.' Well, if you dare call out, Harriet.'

'You both really think I may, then!'
'Yes,' s id Miss Caroline 'we do.'
'Then make haste,' taultered Miss Clemen and what with poking and urging from her oo late, Mise Spyker put her head out of the indow, and said, in a voice that slightly waverd between anxiety and her sense of the im-propriety of the act: 'Mr-Sm-i-ith, Mrpriety of the act: 'Mr-sm-1-m, and arisith.' I glanced at the three ladies, and entotion of hope, fear and dread of doing anyning bordering on the improper, when the door pened, and Mr. Smith appeared.

He was a decidedly elderly gentleman, and sore a gray hat and ample frockcoat of dark ne, white unmentionables and waistcoat: and n eyeglass in an embossed gold frame hung by black ribbon from his neck. His face were an pression of great sua-ity and benevolence toards the world in general; not remarkable for nch talen' or mental quickness, but rather indirative of a nature at once obtuse. He raised his hat and bowed as he recognized Miss Spyker, which courtesy was acknowledged by all three the court-minuel style. Miss Spyker, howver, went straight to the point at once, by say Very well, thank you, sir; and, Mr. Smith, re you going by this train? ne,' he replied, I contemplate doing so

Can I-can I be so happy as to be of use to any 'Voh, Mr. Smith'' said tittle Miss Spyker, gain og courage from her success, 'would you take ne of the vacant seats here! 'We are so—so—

'Frigh'ened,' put in Miss Caroline, emerging 'Very much frightened, indeed,' earnestly re

ated Miss Clementin:
With the greatest pleasure ladico. You onor me too much. I may have the happiness be of service to you, perhaps. Allow me, liss Caroline, said Mr. Smith, calling up the one and air of one not unused to being what scalled 'a ledy's man, as he raised from the loor of the carriage Miss Caroline's knitting llen to the ground; and stepping in he was stioned to the furthest compartment near my wn window. He was very polite and courteous ut from the moment of his getting into the ge. I observed a feeling creeping over the of the three maiden ladies, that their rrors had induced them to take a rather de ra e and extreme ster. They spoke much in w tones together, and replied distantly, and a sort of bridling up of the figure when Smith spoke—each appearing to feel it due the others and to herself, to avoid as much as ble giving any opening for speeches even much after the fashion of a large nouse which it might be dangerous to encourage by playful g mbols, lest it might be difficult are end to keep him within bonds. Their anxiety now appeared to be to fill up the make it look to a casual observer as if was occupied. There s emed, indeed, every on to suppose the plan would succeed ralpeop'e had looked in, as if in search of a at, and retired under the impression that the c wastull. The engine was apparently underway, and the platform compara-unity, when, as they were dressing up gh the station, and they all suddenly co

in the most direful state of fright.
od-ness me! how shocking!' gasped po nentina, whose small experence of railway ade everything a source of constant terror an Miss Caroline sank back prostrated and little Miss Spyker, with both hands to he ears, rocked herself to and fro in a state of suf ng and dismay, talking loud and fast all th time But at this juncture, every other feeling hastily glaneed round, detected the transrent ruse de guerre of the 'dummy' in the mid 'Room here, sir—just in time—I'll put your luggage in, sir—allright.' And in there sprang a tall, handsome, bewhiskered and moustached ung guards.nan, apparently in the extremity of wing the train, and in a great state of excite nt, caused by the uncertainty of the last few ments. Here was a pretty husiness! The elings of the three ladies for a moment over feelings of the three latters to a powered them, and they sat in silence, fixing looks at blank dismay on each other Things to a programme the managed, certainly. In were unfortunately managed, certainly, their anxiety to keep Mr. Smith at a respeistance, they had so contrived that now the oung guardsman filled up their cherished va-ancy. He was in the very midst of them; Miss tina and Miss Spyker immediately opposite. The involuntary shrinking into the depths of the out of the window with determined curiosity a wo bare brown banks of earth which no

At length the resolutely that her eyes, as i inside and out, nothing but objects of distraction We had not been on the move more than few minutes, when I observed the young guards-man looking at his fair fellow-travelers with an expression by no means consonant with the air saw he tried to catch the eye of the quiet entlewoman in the corner, but I resolutely booked out of the window, though not, I fear fore he detected the shadow of a smile at the

orner of my lip.
Mr. Smith, glancing overthe top of the news aper which in self-defence he has unfolded, saw, espite his obtuseness, that something was ss the distressed looks of the three maidan friends showed their mental perturbation; and not knowing exactly what to do under the circomer, from the boots upwards, with an eye from which he strove to banish its usual benign expression. He appeared, however, very much taken aback on perceiving, when he had gradu-ally arrived at the face of the young officer, that his eyes was fixed upon him with a meaning he could not quite make out; and he was betrayed involuntarily into saying: 'Did you address me,

'O dear, no, sir-not at all,' said the guards nan, with a smile.

At the sound of the gruff voices of the gentlemen, the three friends trisked round, with great lifficulty suppressing their emotion. Miss Dementina who was the most nervous, began o tremble violently, and turned still paler than e was by nature. Evidently, the least they ticipated was the preliminaries of a duel. ere in an unnatural state of extension from

'Will you exchange papers, sir!' said the guardeman; at which Mr. Smith bowed, and waved his paper in the air with a nervous flourish, which sent the corner of it nearly into the open g'n to grow calm, the dreaded vis-a-ris of ppa:ently very passive and harmless over In the course of time they ventured t Smith, whom, with a natural revulsion of ling, they seemed to regard more benignantly an ever, looking upon him now in the light of

safeguard. 'Beautiful weather for the country,' faltere iss Spyker, always the most alert of the thre 'Superb indeed,' replied Mr. Smith, blandly. 'Dreadful mode of traveling this,' ventured liss Clementina 'Ah! Mr Smith how differ-it from the stage coach days we remember

ne could see the country then I remember our drive from London to Ascet, aid Mr. Smith, in the voice of one calling up. not unmoved, some thrilling memory of the past
—'when the speed at which we are now going
would have seemed slow to the pace we drove hat day. It might, he went on in a lower tone glancing at Miss Clementina as he spoke—in might have been the society—it might have been

aid: 'She thought the more entirely such recolections were considered as past, the better.' Miss pyker came to the rescue.

'Mr. Smith, have you a bradshaw1' 'I am sorry to say I have not, madain; bu perhaps my memory may serve your purpose. have traveled on this line of en-though not, added with a bow, 'under circuinstance ually agrecable.

Here again came a little bridling, and an inluntary glance of me .ning at each other. 'Can you tell me the name of the station you I only wanted to know whereabouts the tun

nels are 'she replied, apparently impressed with a conviction that they were marked in the publi cation she had asked for 'I am sorry to say there are three tunnels very near each other,' said Mr Smith, with the air of one who desires to make the best of unpleas

ntelligence; 'but they are only a few minute ong—it is soon over; and I think,' added he looking out of the window, and very sudden looking in again, 'we are now on the poin At this juncture the whistle sounded, I hastily

drew up the further onc. The sadden change from light to darkness made faint the glimmer of the lamp—which seemed to disarrange at any ate-inverble; and a moment of

ndignation regarded the otlers as concerned in the guilt, but if any one excited more sus-picion than another, it certainly was Miss. Clementina. Her near neighborhood to Mr. with, his tender allusion to bygone days, an ne fact that her bonnet was in a state of deangement t'e most unbecoming, all contribute

pright before her. She, very unfortunately, had or her neighbor the guardsman; but he appearsleepily unconscious of what was passing Nor did Miss Spyker escape—her bonnet and agly' were decidedly not comme il faut—for, ir anxiety to shut her eyes and stop lier car she had given an involuntary jerk to the ugly thereby imparting a wildness to her general ar pearance, which was considerably heightened by But if each lady regarded the others thus heir feelings could not amount to more than suspicion. But Mr. Smith! that he was guilty as only too evi leut, if only from his embarras ent; while the quiet young officer, who for ome time past had apparently been slumbering

this impression She, poor soul, feeling he

perfect innocence, looked first at her friend Ca

ne, who with a confused and sacred aspect sa

everattracted their suspicions for a moment. They were still flattered by the strange inc nt, when we plunged into another tunnel; and ngain the same chirping sound was heard—iact, an unnistakable kiss—louder and mo earty than before; and we shot into daylight once more in a state of agitation more terribl than ever. That Mr. Smith had had the daring imper-

ence to salute one of the three ladies whom he vas bound by every sentiment of honor to pro-cet, admitted no doubt; and indeed that gentle nan himself seemed to feel his culpability, fo ne evidently shrank under the indignant eyes of his fair neighbors, and seemed perfectly paralysed mind and body The paper had fallen on his nee, his hat awry; every particle of expression had vanished from his face, and his hands hung werless by his sides.

The slackening of our pace now showed that we were close to some station. The train stop-ed a moment, and an uncartaly cry from the Micials without an counced the name of the ace, which to this day I have never ascertained and the young guardsman, having probably eached his destination, clapped his handkerehie addenly to his flushed face, sprang from 'he rriage, and was out of sight in a moment

During the rest of the journey, not a word as spoken. Miss Caroline tried to knit, but was spoken. Answering the state of her work; Miss Spyker pursed up her mouth, and looked out of the window; while Clementina was aborhed in Dr. Gregory's Letters holding the vol me, as I observed, upsale down. Mr. Smith vas speechless, and remained like one under the

was speechless, and remained like one uncertie influence of Mesmerism for many miles.

By and by, I found that I was very near the end of my own journey; I began therefore to collect my wrappings, when I heard Miss Caroline and Miss Clementina whispering to the ffect that 'if' -and they nodded in my direction -'gut out, they dared not stay alone with Mr and he too observed that we approached the whether he really had originally intended to get ut there, or was now going to wait for the n rain in self-defence, I cannot tell; but he was in such haste to have the door opened, that I was quite afraid he was about to break the railway aws, and get himself into custody for leapin pon the platform while the train was stil He, however, turned round respectfull and timidly, but with the look of an injured which courtesy was received in the most chilling

ooked another way. I then got out myself, and watching the train is it moved out of sight, I saw Mr. Smith and his servant, who appeared naturally surprised at finding themselves there—the man's countenance seeming to express: Do you think, sir, you're pertectly in your right senses, getting out at this here place, where you know nobody, and ave nothing to do?' When I turned away, and ot up into the town, I saw the guardsmar alking to some friends; he was laughing vioently, and, as I nassed, kissed the back of his and with a smack that reminded me of the nysterious sound in the railway-carriage.

ANOTHER OLD LINE WHIG LEADER WHO CANNOT SUPPORT THE DONELSON TICKET-Letter from C. B. Baldwin .- Our readers will find below an elquent an patriotic letter from the Hon, C. B Baldwin, of Mississippi, in which he gives hi easons for not supporting the Donelson Know Nothing ticket. Mr. Baldwin is a leading poli tician, an able lawyer, and a man of unbending integrity. He is now a member of the Miss. Legstature and has been since his election an acknow edged leader of his party in that body and i the State. Ills defection will prove a terribl low to their dying fortunes in the South :

Houston, Miss , Aug. 20th 1856. Messrs. Epirons .- The notice you were pleased to take of me, in the last No. of your paper ng my position in the present canvass-disagre ervation. I am, both in principle and action
Whig and an American. The present issue cted with the principles of the three old pa s. There are three candidates presented for the onservative eDmocrat, who stands on a sound atform, and who could not betray the South sound, equally true; but only, as every one must admit, that either of them is preferable to an avowed abolitionist. The third candidate is a and reckless speculation in California lands. unlimited patronage of the federal governmen in the hands of our enemy; to place freesoiler n offices of honor and profit—to subvert th ivil war, would be the necessary consequence culished its object, and the American Reoutlic will exist no longer Liberty and peace, resperity and happiness will cease to exist in

our beloved land; anarchy and oppression, pe-cuniary ruin and misery, both national and in-dividual, will reign in their stead.

The question, then, must be, how shall Fre-mont be defeated? The free-soilers are united, zealous, active, as faustics ever are. We are divided and whits unpressured share is being fired at the common enemy. By the election of either Fillmore or Buchanan we are safe. Ever illmore, but between one of these gentlemen

ocs not possess-disorganized as it now is and hat Mr. Buchanan has Whig and American

To the American party of Chickasaw, 1 beg eave to say, that should they disent from the riews above expressed, that I shall sincerely re-gret the difference; and assure them, that as the eat in the Honse of Representatives, which now hold, was bestowed by them before the oresent issue was sprung, that they have only o intimate a desire that I should vacate it, and will cheerfully resign the position, that they ay have the opportun represent them, who fully concurs with them n the issue of the hour,

Black Republicans, James Buchanan, of Penn

Respectfully, C. B. BALDWIN,

rom the New Albany Ledger will be gratifying ntelligence to many persons in this city:

THE FORT WAYNE RAILEGAD -The following

An election of Directors of the Fort Wayne and Southern Railroad took place at Jeffersonville on Wednesday. We have not heard the names of the resultemen chosen, but understand that seven of the hirteen reside in New York, and are men of capital ad influence. The friends of the road are confidentatively in the speedily completed to North Vernor or presume the active management of the road will main with its present indefatigable President, J

Another Patriot Whig Speaks! LETTER FROM HON, CHARLES J. JENKINS.

We have the pleasure of placing before the readers of the Courser the letter of Hon. CHAS. most influential Old-Line Whigs in the nation. Mr. Jenking is the author of the celebrated hree years ago of the Whig and Union party of eorgia for Governor, was for a long time neaker of the Georgia Legislature, and for ears has been the idol of the Whig party in his tate. His long public services, acknowledged abilities, disinterested patriotism, loftiness and urity of character, added to the universal escem in which, as a man and a citizen, he has ver been held by his fellow-citizens of all paries, give no ordinary weight to his opinions in a earful crisis like the present, and we commend is able letter to the candid and honest men of Kentucky, who are searching after light and are letermined to do their duty as becomes patriots: LEXINGTON, Ga., Aug. 12, 1856.

Hon. CHARLES J. JENKINS-Dear St: Having for many years been asso-ted with you politically, and always entertaini aking the liberty of asking you to give me you inion in writing upon the claims of the canwith the privilege of using it as I may wish. As at Did-Line Whig, I feel that duty and patriotism require that I support James Buchman in the present contest.

Very respectfully,
WILLIS WILLINGHAM.

Argusta, Ga., Aug. 28, 1856. My Dear Sir: Your letter requesting my "opin ion in writing upon the claims of the candidate now before the country for the Presidency, with the privilege of using it as you may wish," is before me, and although withdrawn from the political areas, I cannot decline compliance with your records. These claims must be considered relatively in rerence to the state of the country, and the political circumstances surrounding the candidates sev

proper to begin with a survey of the field of merican politics, as at this moment presented tere is but a single exciting question now before e American people, viz: a proposition to repeat feature of the act organizing the Territories ausas and Nebraska, which expressly abrogat he Miszouri restriction, and to restore that rest beence from the contest of other questions, make distinctly sectional, and fearfully perilous to the

Now for the array of parties, and I remark, that Now for the array of parties, and I remark, that our are invited to make the survey from a polut on irely without the lines of any and all of them; cer ainly not, for that reason, ineligible.

First, then, we see a party, prostituting the time nonored name "Republican," handed together ir one section of the country, for the avowed purpose of crusading against the rights and institutions of crusading against the rights and institutions of crusading against the rights and institutions of the second country is a second country of the above. another section, nothing the aminimity of the above stated issue; a party equally sectional in its aim and its organization; employing for the purpose agitation, the combined agencies of the husting the press, and the pulpit, all sustained by the co-rupting influence of money, drawn without stip from the well filled and open coffers of tribute-millionaries. It presents as its condition to the the illionaries. It presents as its eaudidate Mr. 1 ont, famons only for bold adventures in expla n of our Western wilds and snowy moun in or our western whos and showy mountains-instrument in the hands of the desperate faction have committed their black namer to his the asp. I cannot enlarge upon the demerits of it firty or of their candidate, nor indeed, in this ladee an it be necessary. I will only add that it runifable, as well as in its strength, as in its deveted during. All near here properly estimate erate daring. All men here properly estimat ter—few, very few, rightly appreciate.
The southern man who thinks it conter

ower. The southern man who thinks it contemps by weak, and upon that opinion predicates hourse in this contest, will find, when too late, the e has lugged to his bosom a fatal delusion. I he first, it will undoubte by prove tiself the se and power in the stringsle; whether it shall be first and, will depend mainly upon the Sout We turn now lo an array in another part of the sld. The American party somewhat the senior lee Republican, has been avowed by organized five purpose of reforming our naturalization law as to secure effectually to Americans the power of reforming the property of the American the power of reforming the property of the state of the secure of the state of the secure o ade primary to others more important and moxigent, will, I trust, claim the favorable considers result is scarcely named in the canyass, and it ere well to be this measure of reform rest, nati-e escape of the Republic from its present per-affected. This party, although not sectional, it resisting the present aggression upon the right-dividence of he South. The doubt invest of the

gaty, or of sanctioning after volting, or of evolvious of this Kansas-Nebraska act—we can irrender the clanse which repeals the Miss striction. Yield that, and you yield much the duable fur the compromise of 1850, which we are comply pledged to maintain. Yet again, it is

alone in its reliable nationality—alone in its u
ified piedge to maintain the present status o
gressional legislation on the slavery question

This is no time to struggle for party ascenden

Let us save the Union now, through the instrumentality of the Democracy, if need be, and oppose to them hereafter, when occasion shall require, the same indomitable spirit they have encountered in mathematical through the properties of the proper the patriot in the partisan. New, the better to estimate the periland the chances of averting it, let us J. Jenkins, of Georgia, one of the ablest and most influential Old-Line Whigs in the nation.

Mr. Jenkins is the author of the celebrated "Georgia Platform," was the candidate two or "Georgia Platform," was the candidate two or "Georgia Platform," as the candidate two or "Georgia Platform," was the candidate Platform, which was the ca country should be committed to the House of Rep country should be committed to the House of Representative, as now constituted. Does any sonthern man feel differently, let him cast his eye upon the speaker's chair—let him contemplate the attitude of that body at this moment, and be warned. Does he with all the lights before him, desire to send the election to that body in the forlorn hope of thus securing the election of his party's candidate, for him I have no argument. "He is joined unto his ideals."

To return then. That Mr. Fremout will receive

immense majority of the votes in the non-slave lding States, is beyond all question—precisel w many no man can foresee. He might los centy-serce votes and still be elected. The enti-te of the South concentrated upon one candidal puld be inadequate to elect him. No reasonable man will sleay that, should the vote of the Sont be divided, Mr. Fremont will receive a sufficient mber of Northern votes to defeat an election number of Northern votes to defeat an election by the people. The practical question for us is, which of the two, Mr. Buchanan or Mr. Fillmore, has the fairest chance of obtaining, in the non-slaveholding States, such a number of votes us, united with the entirevote of the South, will secure his election by the people. Mr. Fillmore's hopes, north of Mason and Dixon's line, rest upon New York. Be not de-ceived by the assertions of the partizan press. He law no fauthold elsewhere in that section. On as no foothold elsewhere, in that section. On hat foundation do his hopes rest in New York's ooking to the numerous factions into which the copie of that State have of late been divided and sople of that state have of late been divided and the divided, the notorious loosening of ancient par-tics, and their known proclivity to Freesoilism, submit to every candid mind the questlon, is It fee, in an issue so important and so doubtful, to ase a calculation upon her vote? There is, then, reliable expectation that the South could obtain nenough from the North to elect Mr Fillmore the choigh from the North to elect Ar. Fillmort hat are Mr. Bachanan's prospects? It is as fa moved from doubt, as such an event can well be at the noble old Keystone State will stand by the nion and by her illustrious son in this contestere is good reason to hope that New Jersey with the wear in the contest of the state of the contest of the contes These two, with the unanimous voi the South, wonld elect Mr. Buchanan. His ur I the South, would elect Mr. Buchanan. His prosects in those two States are far brighter, I think, nau Mr. Fillmore's in New York. But again, to orrow a phrase, Mr. Buchanan has, in Indiana, llinois, Michigan and Connecticut, a margin, thich Mr. Fillmore has nowhere. Should the former ose New Jersey, there is a hope that out of those pur States, the loss would be made good. I do not certified them in any other connection, because I entlon them in any other connection, because

In one word, then, were this a contest between r. Filmore and Mr. Buchanan, and were I assure it. Filmore and Mr. Inchainan, and were I assured hat Mr. Fillmore would oppose himself to the res-oration of the Missouri restriction, I would vote or him with unspeakable pleasure. But, being attisfied beyond all doubt, that it is in fact a con-est between Mr. Buchanan and Mr. Fremont; that r. Buchanan, as President, will interpose all th ower of his administration to preserve, nuimpair , the Constitutional rights of the Sonth and the the Constitution, whilst his real competitor pethity of the Union, whilst his real competitor all duscruptionsly trample on the former, with I knowledge that he thereby imperilled the latter, say let every Southern electoral vote be east for a Democratic nominee. Let Georgia do so, laying a party prejudices and affinities, as an offering, on the alter of our common country. To aid in this he alter of our common country. To aid in this esult, no man need sever any existing party ties for need he form new ones. For myself I disclaim ny such purpose. I have, my dear sir, been unwilling to obtrude m

philose upon public attention; but I do not see that I can, with propriety refuse to place in your usuals this basty and imperfect expression of them, eaving to your sound discretion the use to be made of them. Respectfully, &c.,
CHARLES J. JENKINS.

Dr. W. WILLINGBAM.

Greelev Giving It Up. In the New York Tribune of the 29th ult., is

n article in which Greeley virtually concedes hat Fremont cannot be elected, and that, notwithstanding the loud boasts of the Black R :sublicans, the Democrats have the best chance for carrying enough Northern States to elect Buchanan with the undivided vote of the South, even without Pennsylvania, which we regard as crtain for him. The Tribune says:

We do not wish our readers to believe the elec-ion of Fremout a fixed fact. We do not ourselves lieve it, and should not desire to diffuse the im-ession, if we did. We wish It generally under ood that the strugge is arduous, and that the sult depends upon work yet to be done. In spite Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Iudiana, Illinois and

Talifornia still doubtful.

We may carry all o, them by large majorities, not we may also lose enough of them to beat us in he contest. We consider our chance in the House he contest. We consider nur chance in the House hould the election go thither of very little worth

A Graphic Portraiture of Black Republicanism, Drawn by a Master Hand-William L. Day-

In 1950 a distinguished Northern gentleman rose in his place in the United States Senate and delivered a speech upon the Compromise

"It has been a leading principle with the Whig arty at the North, from the beginning, (both in and th of Congress) to oppose the admission of slavery of Territories now free. But, very fortunately I not say for us, a party-no, not a party, but ct, a political sect-has sprung up in our mid-

and, without depreciating this, I trust that the party ill live and flourish North and South, when Free column and Abolitonism as mere party tests, hall have found one common grave. It has other

Our readers, perhaps, will be surprised to learn at the gentleman who thus so pungently d ounced all who made Free-Soilism and "Abol" tionism" a party test, and who trusted that th Whig party would live when they had found a common grave," was Wm. L. Dayton, now the

Black Republican candidate for the Vice Presi

MORE REPUBLITION-THE K. N.'S OF IOWA .-The Iowa city Republican says: "The lowards republished as as a sale out of the sale of the sale out of the sale out of the sale of the order in the sale of the sale ont and Dayton, as the only course left, co tent with the uniform avowed principles of th ler, has the assurance to claim for itself the cha e affirm, a visedly, that there is not in the Stat single county in which the American organiza on dissents from the action of the recent Stat onneil in favor of Fremont.

eaders see how the allies of Know-Nothings at ne North are running off their slave properly: A Kentneky gentleman dropped in upon us yes-etday and asked for the United States Marshal, all after we had told him of his whereabouts, or, ather, where his office was, he informed us in re-ard to his business with him. On Sunday night Villiamstown, and they were traced to Fifth-erry, where, it is supposed, they crossed. A nau of Mr. Newhurst, in a few hours after nd doubtless ere this are in Canada

Hoo MARKET .- The Cincinnati Price Current Wednesday, says:

one, in the way of contracting for hogs; and, es-ecially has this been the case, during the last two r three weeks. The highest price we heard of be-

List of Premiums To be Awarded at the Fourth Annual Fuir of the Southwestern Agricultural and Niechanicat

Association, to be held on the Fair Grounds, near Louisville, Ky, commencing on Tuesday, Oct. 14, (856, and continue five days. OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION: Vics Presidents R. J ORMSHY, Co. respo

THE EXHIBITION WILL COMMENCE EACH DAY at 9 o'clock, by which time, ho awind delays and con-tinging, all entires should be made. Entires for the first day's exhibition may be made with the Secretary for two laman).

Is of the Association will be charged for the Association will be charged for the cha

REGULATIONS.

try.

premium shallbe swarded where hat one artiels, o
oe animal is exhibited, unless the judges sha'l decid
such articles or article or animal is worthy of a pre num.
Marks of any kind or other indications of ownerships to be rigidly excluded from all articles competing for

remiums, Sales at auction, for the benefit of those who may desi o dispose of stock, or other articles in that way, will ers as renting booths must in all cases and under at

rus penalty in owing their booths closed and toem-ris ejected from the ground's Aste Associations, or a del-he presidents of sounty or Nitte Associations, or a del-size from each are invited to attend, report themserives the Treasurer, and receive lights of admission dembers' lickels will be formissed on application to the capatier. Thos Y. Biech, Excan still rates

o insure promptness in the erhibit on in the rings, only
een manutes will be allowed from the opening of the
een manufes will be allowed from the opening of the
extended counts of them foreschiring of animals. PRICES OF ADMISSION.

FIRST DAY 

as Line South indeed a say to Cotton do do do do in Wested Embrodon; by Gray, to Piece of needle-work do Judoks of the Above — Coll. Thos. Anderson, W ludoks of the Above — Coll. Thos. Anderson, W CARRIAGES AND RUGGIES.

CARRIAGES AND RUGGIES

Best Close Carringe, two horses
do Open do do
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JUDGES - Dr Soverby, Win Unddox, Jan R. Hall
fersoo; J. B. Russell, New Albany, Mr Fescock, I Essay on Plowing, and the form, structute, and

JUDGES ON AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS .- Jas S (rnic) 14. (lisham, George Prither, Jefferson; Sam'l Steel Blam; W. A. Merriweiher and Warrick Miller, Jeffe Jahlbam, W. A. deritsednet and waste a superior of their respective and in the field under the direction of their respective formative of Judges, aided by a committee of the Direct res. Entires to be made by ease competior.

Judges on Plows—Dr. William Adwas, Jefferson Capt. M. G. Anders, Jefferson; P. S. Burbour, Jefferson; Smith Speed, Jefferson, W. V. Yonog, Jessamine.

FIELD PRODUCTS. FIELD PRODUCTS.

est condu tod experiment in maxuring, planting and cultivating a cora crop not less inamone acre regardless of yield.....

ng for field crops, quantity must be es

iade separately. lest sample Manufactured Virginia (pounde), five

CIGARS. est sample, one hox Do Western Leal and Western made, ilv Audes.-W B Reynolds, warren Newcomb, John T

do, ler shipping DOMESTIC FOWL

Ews 2 do do, Ews 1 do do and nader Pair of Lembe. ... Five hest Breeding Ewss. do do ani nader 2 MIDDLE WOLLED ue's 2 years old and upward Buck 1 do do, Ewe 2 do do and upward. Ewe 1 do d. Pair of Laubs Five best Er ad my hwes.

THIRD DAY CATTLE-NATIVE OR MIXED SREED.

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DRAFT HORSES.

air of Mares are P. Miller, Jefferson, Po loct Ba bellishum; tenem Moody, Heary; Pster Fink, Jefferson avid Niven, Louisville. FOURTH DAY celding, 3 rears old and upwards,
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larness Ho ses, one pair, Do Maree, do, uggy Horse,

JUDGES,—Edw'd Blackhura, Woodford, Hornes Benton, Sourbon, A. Lecompt. Louisana, A. P. Charebill, Frank-ort; Thos. Steel, Was. Elis, Louisana, A. P. Charebill, Frank-ort; Thos. Steel, Was. Elis, Louisana, A. P. Charebill, Frank-ort; Thos. Steel, Was. Elis, Louisana, A. P. Charebill, Frank-ort, Thos. Steel, Was. Elis, Louisana, A. Steel, S. Stee

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Nore, I rear old and nader
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JUDOES - Parker (raig, Lexington, P. E. Todhunle
Saye Is, J. R. Thompson, Iudiana, Dr. Broadnaz, Oldhan
J. B. Burburder, Bourboa [Premium. given by the Citis

SADDLE HURSES.

Arrivolofthe Steamship Tenneasee-More Flaht-ing-Unsuccessful Attempt of Walker to drive "the enemy" from San Jacinto. The steamship Tennessee, from San Juan del forte, to C. A. Whitney, arrived at New York, at 0 A. M., Thursday morning. Note, to C. A. Whitney, arrived at New York, at 10 A. M., Thursday morning.

The Tennessee arrived at San Juau on the 22d, and left the same day—Key West on the 27th.

Affairs in Nicaragua are assuming a most favorable aspect, the utmost confidence in the stability of the Government existing. The army under Gen. Walke now consists of 1600 Americans, besides native troops—all in good health and excellent mirits.

News having been received at Granada a short News naving been received at Gramma a snort me since, that a party of men adverse to the Government, were occupying a rauche at San Jacinto, eneral Walker dispatched a party of 40 men, nurriculent. Colonel McDonald, to attack them. Col. icDonald made the attack, but finding the party so strong to warrant an assault, he retired with a set of six men killed and woonded; leaving a small. s of six men kilted and wounded; leaving a small mber to watch the enemy, he returned to Grana-with the remainder of his troops. da with the remainder of his troops.

On the receipt of the news at Granada, a purly of citizens, numbering about 60 men, headed by Colonel Cole, Asst. Qr. Master General, Llentenant R. Milken, and Mr. W. Marshal, volunteered to go the spot, The ranche was a large adobe house, perced with loop holes, and surrounded with a heavy stone wall. Col. Cole divided his men into three parties of 20 each, and attacked the hones at three different

of 20 each, and attacked the house at three did poirts, and succeeded in driving them from the eu-closure into the honse, but was then repulsed, with loss of 15 men killed, wounded and missing, inclu-ding the three companies in the killed. oss of 15 men killed, wounded and missing, inclining the three columnaders in the killed.

The loss of the enemy was about 100. Their the loss of the enemy was about 100. Their the killed.

At the time onr Informant left Gen. Walker was about despatching a body of artillery to make another attack. ther attack.

FACE THE MUSIC .- The Lexington Statesman his city, to make the following proposition, which an be taken together or separately.

people.

He requests us to add that, if desired, the money HORRIBLE DEATH .- A letter in Fred. Donglass paper, dated Sept. 17th, from a Northern city, re-

ords the horrible death of a fugitive slave. since. A slave man was closely packed in a box at ——; the box marked goods, and consigned to a friend at this place, per Express. When the box was opened, the poor wretch was found dead, his countenance horribly contribed, and his body drawn nto a knot. It appeared on examinat

WINTER WEATHER .- The Indianapolis Jour al speaking of the appearances of winter in hat city, says: But yesterday morning just before day he came back, blustering and bullying worse than a Buchanan mun at a pole raising, and seemed to take a pride in being as obtrusive and Impertinent as he could. At day light the trees (as thick with green foliage as in June) were covered with snow. The fences

were white, and the house tops Snow lay an incl deep everywhere except apon the ground esponse, to an invitation from the New Hampshire Agricultural Society to be present at th State Fair, in which he evinces a determination on his retiremen', to devote the remainder of his fe to agricultural pursuits in that State, and

says that personal matters in connection with this etermination leads to his present visit. IF An Irishman was killed, yesterday afteroon, at Wilder's building on Main street, hy the alling of a stone.

LPMaj. Runyon, a prominent citizen of Madon county, made a speech at Richmond a few ays since, and gave his reasons for withdrawing rom the K. N. order, and voting for Back and Breck. Thus they keep coming all the time. Hous.-The Bowling Green Standard of Sat-

nrday "ays:

The purchase of slock hogs for fattening purposes has commenced right briskly. We have heard of purchases at \$4 25 to \$5 gross, though both buyer and seller are at a loss for prices. Until corn prospects are better settled, some one will be stack. The hogs are more plentiful than asual, and unless corn falls, must rate lower than last season. relay cays:

Letter from Indiana. Second Day of the Fusion Fremont Fizzle!

THE DOINGS OF THE WOOLIES. SMALL INCREASE IN NUMBERS! The Big Guns Still Absent!

NCIDENTS AND ACCIDENTS!!! [Special C rrespondence of the Louisv. e Couner.]

LAFAVETTE, Oct. 2. 1856. Dear Consier -Th shone out with genial armth this worning, c rr . g ; y to the bearts of he Fusionists and hig ting up their p izz's with famal smiles. The trains came i and rought with hem quite a number of de'egates w'o w re desirous to participate in the dying sira g of Black epublicanism in Indiana. I early vired the ground and remained till a la'e h ur, prome ng sil over the encampment and all every g'o see and hear

all that was going . The crowd is so ew 'l rger t au lt was yes erday, yet the n.m. r. y be set own at 20,000, or if it reaches t at, it will not exceed it. The ma jority prese t do nothing but promenade, drink whisky and gamble, hrining diagrace upon the whole proceedings by their and are ous conduct.

By some strange fa'a 'y t e w proceeding has een rendered e . '.' i the wight of all par ties by the mi ra r of oratorical talent pres ent. There he has but three speakers on the ground win are known to the people who reside out of their awn home circle. The names of these amnortal three should be handed down to posterity, mortal three should be handed down to posterity, and I shall do my best to transmit them. They were Cassius M. Clay, the Aboh sonist from Kentarity, George M. Julian, who gaired some little notoriety a few years stace by running as a candidate for Vice President on the Aboliton ticket, and the third and last was James Watson Webb, editor of the New York Courier and E quirer. This immense array of talent was the sum total of the hright gallaxy present d, and certainly goes to prove that the "bey guss" by eaven up the race and are determined to pursue the c imera no further, waste no more their money, and as the Kunsas A. I Fund is getting rather scarce they have wisely concluded that the best thing they could do would be to shut them. the best thing they could do would be to shut the selves up at home and calmly await the issue, and

selves np at home and calmly await the issue, and busy themselves in the meantime in making preparations for a journey up Sait Rive.

If this "grand time" has proved a giant fizzle, it has been fruitful in at least one thing, and that is in incidents of a rich andracy character. I was myself personally observant of several which I will transmit to yon at some other time, hat one or two I will insert here. A lady addressing a fusion candidate, asked him to be candid and tell her his opinion as to the relative numbers present at the Democratic Convention and those on the ground to-day.

"Well," he replied, "I think there is not much difference, but I believe we beat them by about 5.000."

Ilis fair inquisitor, who hy the way, is an "Old Liuer," replied in the following spicy language.

"You know that to he a faisehood. In fact, there are not half as many present to-day as there were "You know that to be a falsebood. In fact, there are not half as many present to-day as there were four weeks ago." Another and I have done. I know that the following ought not to be to-ld, as it was whispered to me sub rosa, but it's too good to keep. A couple of geutlemen asked one of the speakers the reason why it was they could never make speeches which would elicit more applanse?—"Well," said the speaker, "if you will bear me out in my ourse, I will make appeaches which shall be as loudly applanded as any effort they can make—but in order to do so I shall be compelled to speak in opposit on to our present course!"

There were quite a number of accidents. One man in attempting to get upon the cars while they were in motion, had both legs out off, and died in a short time of his wounds. He was a physician by the name of Johnson. A boy was killed in the city by falling from the train. Several persons were seriously wounded by a borse taling fright and running away with a light wagon attached to him—

as a matter of course, he ran amid the greatest throng, and by this run away, one gentleman had his skull fractured. I heard of three children having legs broken.

I beg leave to return my sincere thanks to the gentleman by and course me a scent of the heaviers.

gentlemanly and courteous agent of the American Express Company. Mr. McIlvaine, for his kind at-tention to us during our sojourn in the Star City. Yours, &c., TCHOUPITOULAS.

A Fight in California. Desperate Affray in Cataverne - Three Man Killed. In the Calaveras Chromele of Saturday, Aug. 23d, we find the following account of a bloody affray, which adds another incident to the chronicle of crime in California

Last Saturday night an affray took place at a spanish dance house at Robinson's Ferry, which re-Spansa cance nouse at recommon recry, when re-sulted most lamentably. An American, named Wardwell, was dancing with a Mexican woman, when a Chileno npbraided her far breaking, as en-gagement, she having, as he and, promised to dance with him. She said it was the next dance, when the Chileno gave her a violent nous. We become woman went to the bar to drink, and the latter remarked "where is that man who wishesto compel me to dauce with him " The Chileno here presented himself and struck the woman—the American put himself in a fighting attitude, and the Chileno seeing that the crowd were surrounding him, drew his knile and flourishing it soon so ured a safe passage ont of the house. It was at once reported that the man had kiled two pers as, and cries were made "shoot him"—"shoot him"—"knock him down." The Chileno re reated for the river, using his knife whenever any one attempted to lay hands on him. The crowd fo lowed and assailed him with bricks and stones. He was several times knocked down but always recovered himself and continued his rapid flight. Another Chileno, four years his senior, covared his retreat and requested the crowd not to murder him in ordel blood. At the time the rush was made from the house, an Austrian, the keeper of a restanrant opposite, hear-At the time the rush was made from the house, an Austriau, the keeper of a restaurant opposite, hearing the riot, selzed his six-shooter and joined in the parsait. He gained rapidly on the Chileno, fired two shots which it appears afterwards took effect, and finally overtook him as he sank exhausted at thee foot of a bush near the bank of the river.—Preseuring his pistol he ordered the Chileno to surrender—the latter compiled and handed the Austriau his kulfe. As the Austrian was about taking the knife the Chileno's friend appeared from around

the knife the Chileno's friend appeared from around the hush, presented his pistol and fired, bringing the Austrian to the ground. The Austrian fired and the Chileno fell. They continued to shoot, and when the Austrian received the second ball he relaxed his hold, and the Chileno who caused the difficulty seized his pistol and both Chilenoa commenced firing at the body of the prostrate Austrian, who was soon dead.

The Chilenoa then started to ford the river, and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue, who were now cambon up to the prostrate and the pursue to the pu The Chilenes then started to ford the river, and the pursuers, who were now coming up, aw the elder drop dead in the river just before gaining the opposite side. The other Chileno continued his flight up the hill, and over in the direction of Tuttletown, where he died the following day. The report of the afray a pread through all the neighboring camps, and a large number of Ametrians and Italians congregated at Robinson's Ferry, and competed all the houses, except the Ferry House, to close as a mark of respect to the deceased Anstrian. Another difficulty seemed sikely to ensue, as the osition the Spaniards spurned, and the Auntrians left, threatening to return with additional forces, and destroy the camp. Nothing more has been seen of them, and thus the matter rests for the present. The Chileno who commenced the disturbance was a young man but 18 years of age, and his flight exhibited a coolness and courage worthy of a better cause. He was frequently brought to the ground hy ahlow from a stone or brickbut, but in every instance would apply to his feet, and coursing his

stance would spring to his feet, and continue his flight as fleetly as a dear. latereshing from Nicaragua-Peace with Costa (From the New York Harald.)

(From the New York Harslel.)

We are informed by a gentleman who came passenger on the I nois, that it was reported on the Isthmus, before he left, that peace had oeen made by treaty between Welker and the President of Costa Rica. It was reported also that Walker's men were deserting him in large numbers, and joining the Rivas lores at Leon.

In Costa Rica President Mora had banished afteen or eighteen leading men from the country, as they had, he said, compared for his overthrow after his retreat from Nicaragua.

Onr correspondent at Panama sends in the following intelligence—

The schooner Petrel, Capt. Shanks, arrived at Navy Bay on the morning of the 19th inst., from Boco del Toro, hringing a report that Walker, while quietly arranging governmental matters at Granada, ascertained that great disaffection existed among his troops. A proclamation was immediately insued,

da, ascertained that great disaffection existed among his troops. A proclamation we simmediately issued, that whoever, after twenty-four hours, was refusing to serve under his orders would be dealt with according to military law.

A coalition is rumoved to have taken place between Costa Rica and the neighboring States, to set against Walker. A force of one thousand was said to be on the march for Granada. It is supposed Walker intends acting entirely on the defensive.

air, and tell her you are glad of it—you only made the proposal to win two bottles of champaigne and an oyster supper you had bet with a friend, who thought you had not apunk enough to talk of matri-mony to a termigant. Them's 'em. "Time is money." Of course it is, or else how could you spend it? A STORY OF GREAT INTEREST -A friend of a

correspondent of the New York Spirit of the Times remarked, a day or two since, that he had a story of "great interest" to relate. "What is it?" "I know of fifty dollars being loaned at five per cent. a month, and forty dollars of it left with the lender as collateral." Why should a deed not be dated in a glen'-

cause it would be in-valley-dated When a hiss passes between A'bert and Victoria, what Lond on public buildings does it resemble!—The Royal Exchange. Many young ladies make fools of themselves hy

the looking glass, and many young men hy the win A smile is ever the most bright and beautiful with a tear upon it. What is the dawn without its daw' the tear is rendered by the smile precious above the smile itself. The woodman who "spared that tree" has run

chort of wood, and is almost splitting with vexa-tion to think how "green" he was. He now "axes" a donation from a gentleman at whose request his destructiveness was stayed. The Swiss bave, comparatively, more talegraph wires at work than any country in Europe. They convey them in leaden tubes, undeground.

TW. J. Gaskill, late of this city, has been appointed Second Lieutenant in the Battalion of Rangers, in the Nicaraguan service.

The Bank of Belgium has raised its rate of discount from 2 per cent. to 3 per cent. This is on account of the large exportation of five-frame pleces which has lately taken place.